

# Density controlled BCS-BEC crossover in 2D superconductors

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# Acknowledgements



**AP, Univ Tokyo**  
Y. Nakagawa



## Samples

Y. Kasahara (Kyoto)

## DFT calculation

R. Arita (Tokyo)

T. Nomoto (Tokyo)



T. Nojima  
(Tohoku)



M. Heyl  
(Humboldt)



K. Adachi  
(RIKEN)

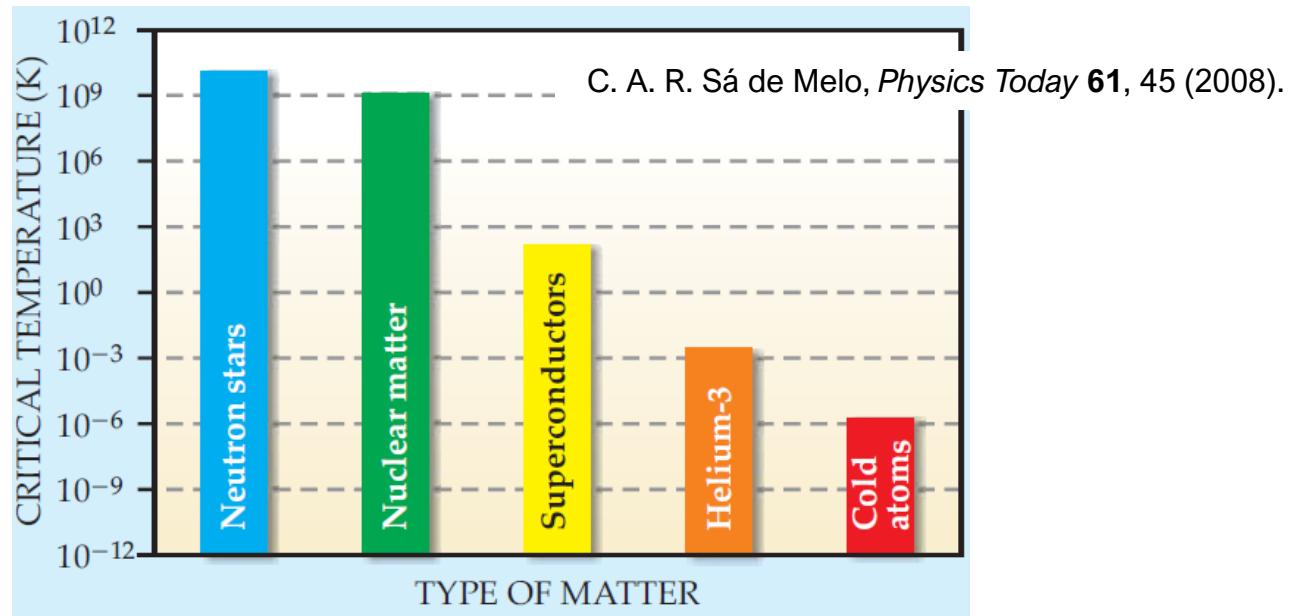


Y. Kato  
(UT)



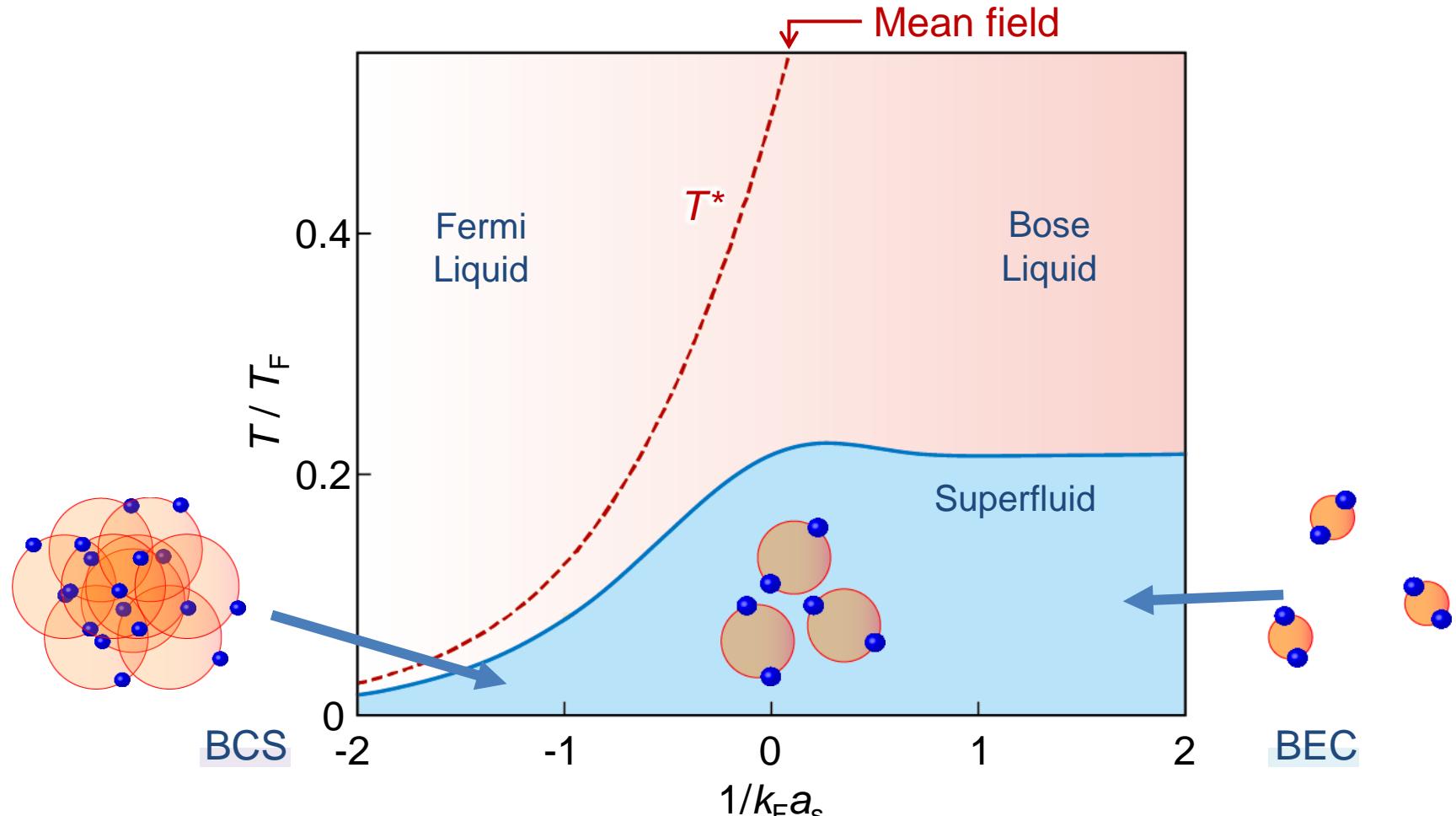
# Content

1. Introduction
2. 2D BCS-BEC crossover in ion gated  $\text{Li}_x\text{ZrNCl}$
3. Vortex dynamics across the crossover



# BCS-BEC crossover

A theoretical phase diagram connecting BCS and BEC



( $a_s$ : interaction strength), ( $k_F$ : Fermi wave number, carrier density)

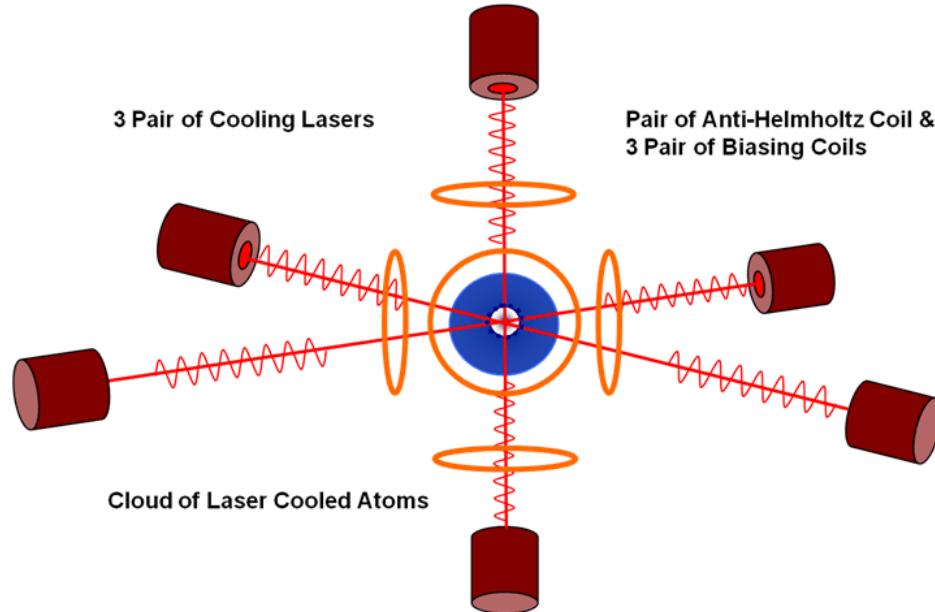
C. A. R. Sá de Melo, M. Randeria, and J. R. Engelbrecht, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **71**, 3202 (1993).

M. Randeria and E. Taylor, *Annu. Rev. Condens. Matter Phys.* **5**, 209 (2014).

# Ultracold atoms

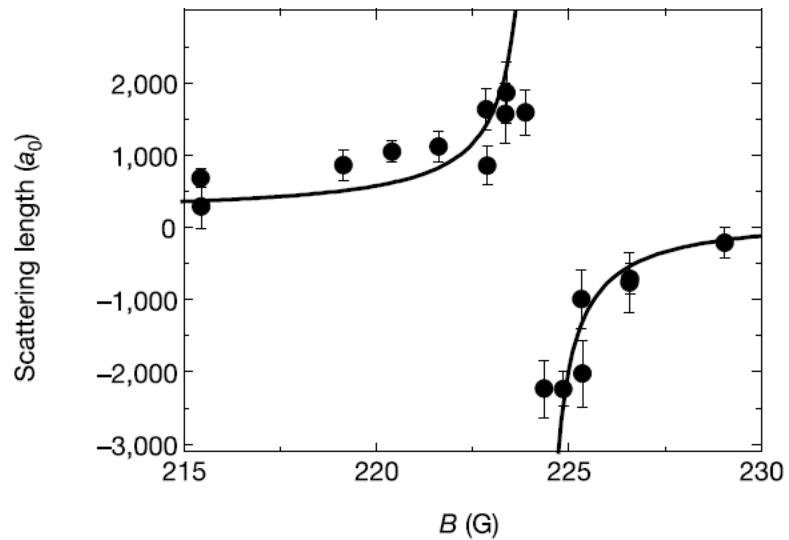
Laser cooling of fermion gas

$N = 10^5 \sim 10^8$ ,  $T < 1 \mu\text{K}$



## Feshbach resonance

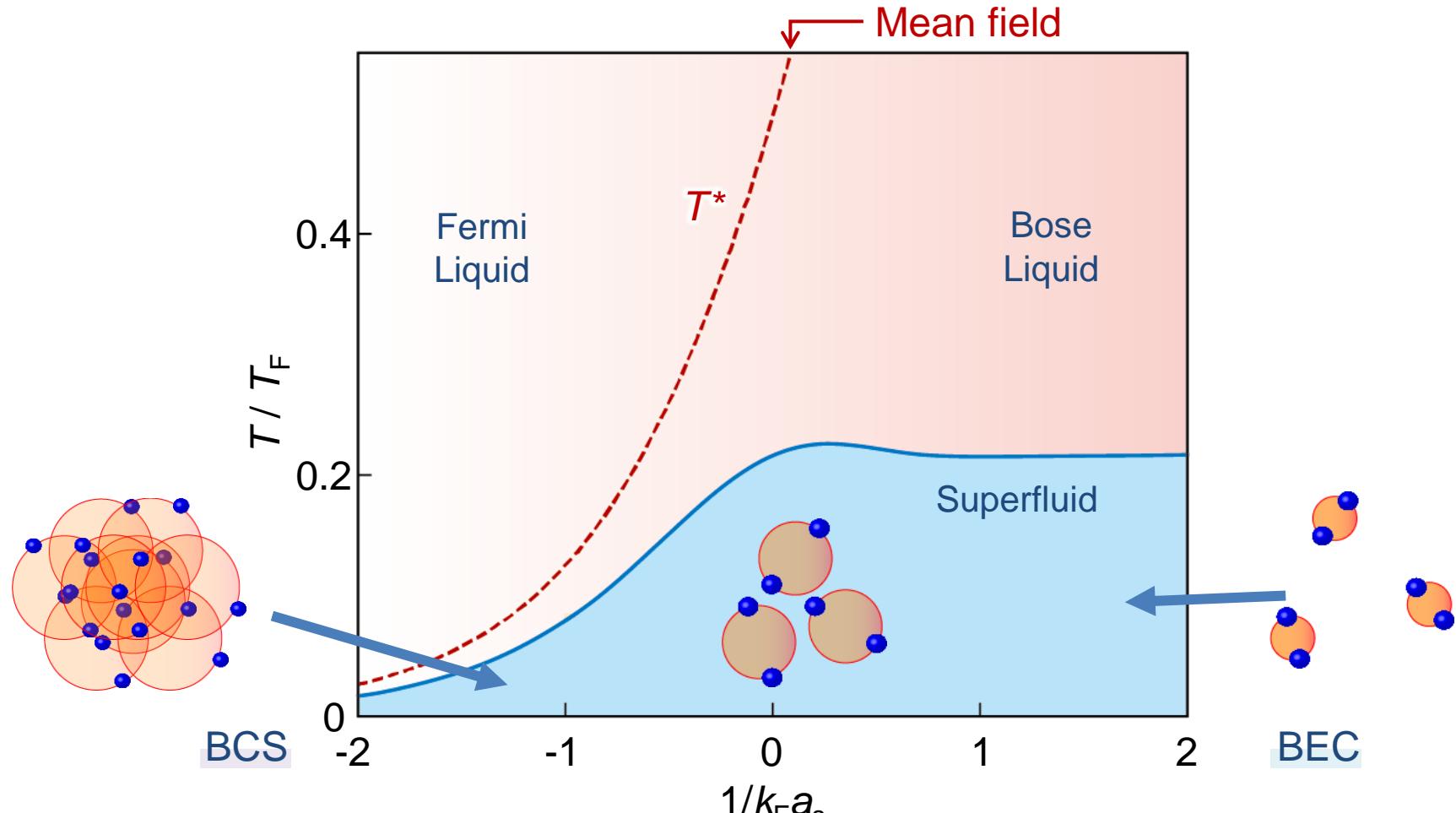
for tuning the interatomic interaction  
(scattering length).



C. A. Regal *et al.*, *Nature* **424**, 47 (2003).

# BCS-BEC crossover

Can BCS-BEC crossover be induced by density control?

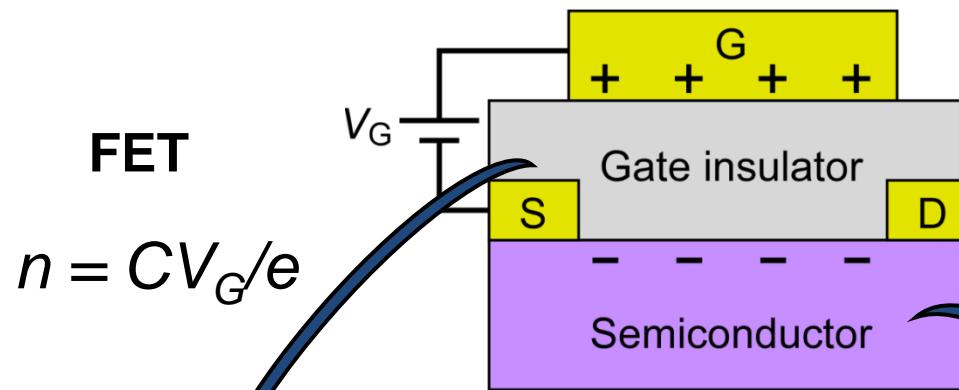


( $a_s$ : interaction strength), ( $k_F$ : Fermi wave number, carrier density)

C. A. R. Sá de Melo, M. Randeria, and J. R. Engelbrecht, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **71**, 3202 (1993).

M. Randeria and E. Taylor, *Annu. Rev. Condens. Matter Phys.* **5**, 209 (2014).

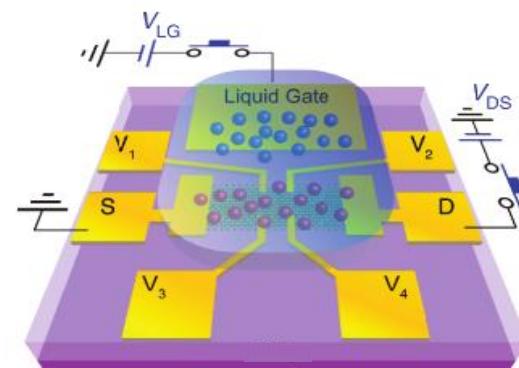
# Density controlled 2D superconductivity: Gating



**Two routes to gate-induced 2D superconductivity**

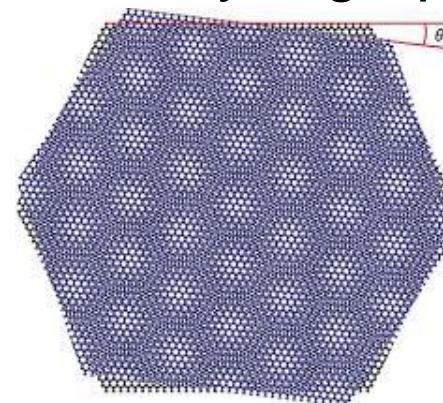
1. Increase  $n$

Ionic gating



2. Large lattice constant

Twisted bilayer graphene



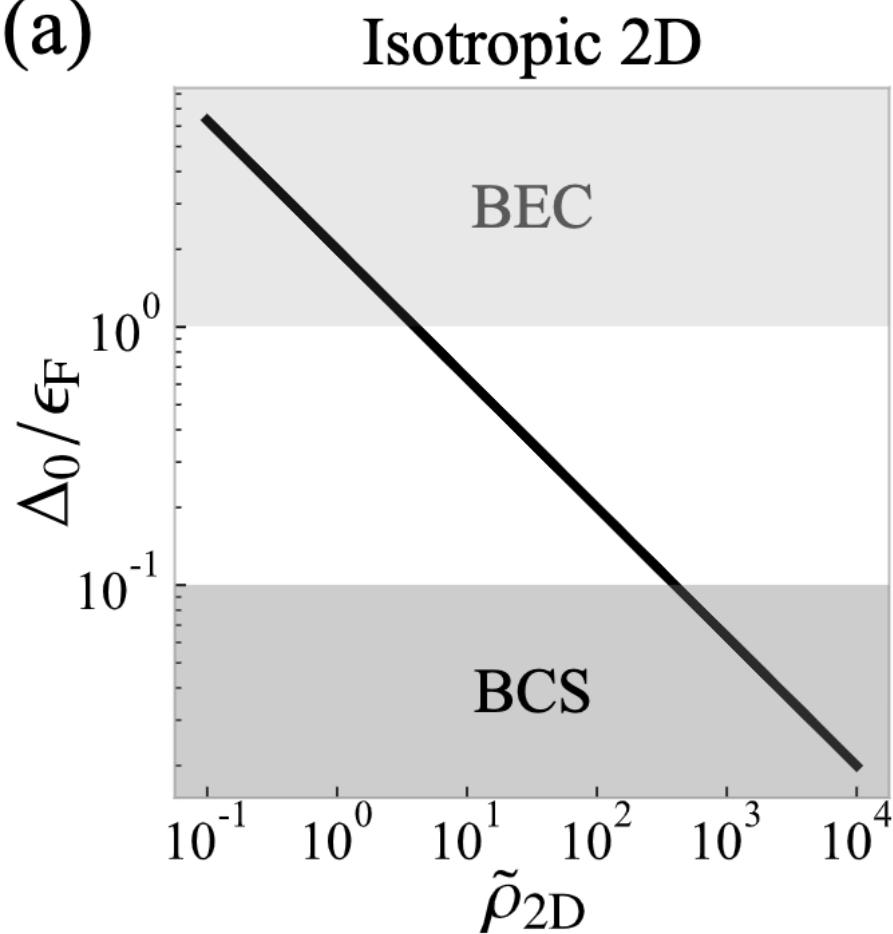
K. Ueno et al., *Nat Mater.* **7**, 855 (2008)

Y. Cao et al., *Nature* **556**, 80 (2018)

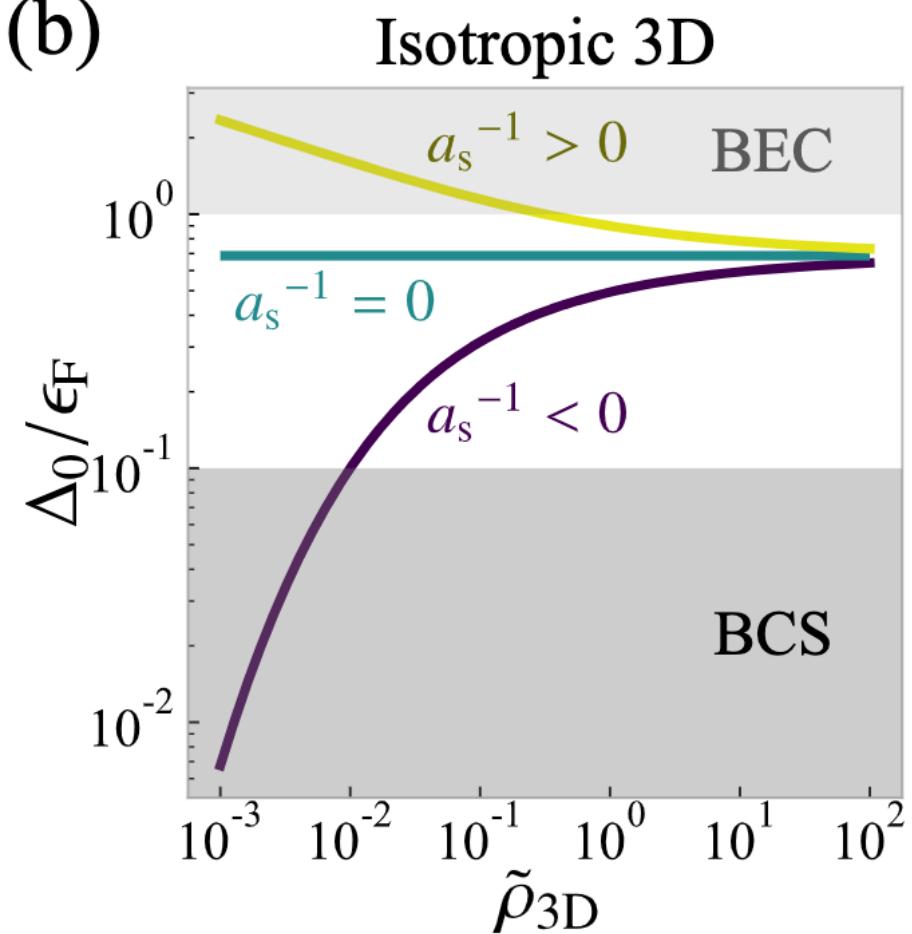
# Density induced BCS-BEC crossover: 2D vs 3D

Contact potential model

(a)



(b)



Courtesy of Kyosuke Adachi (RIKEN)

# Layered nitrides

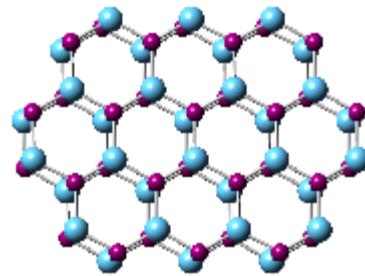
S. Yamanaka (Hiroshima)



Semiconducting 2D materials with honeycomb structures

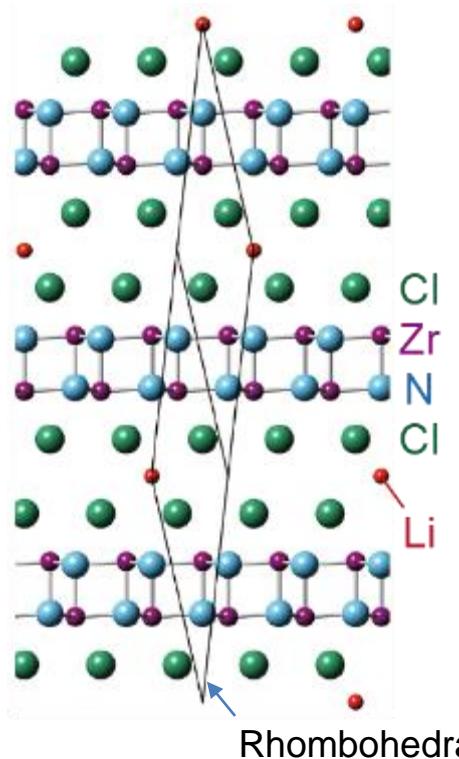
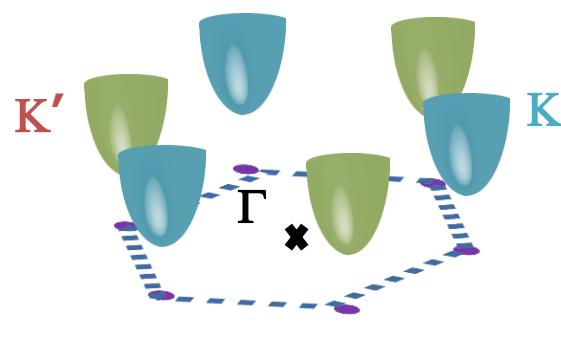
Li doped ZrNCl (15 K) and HfNCl (25 K)

➤ Double-honeycomb

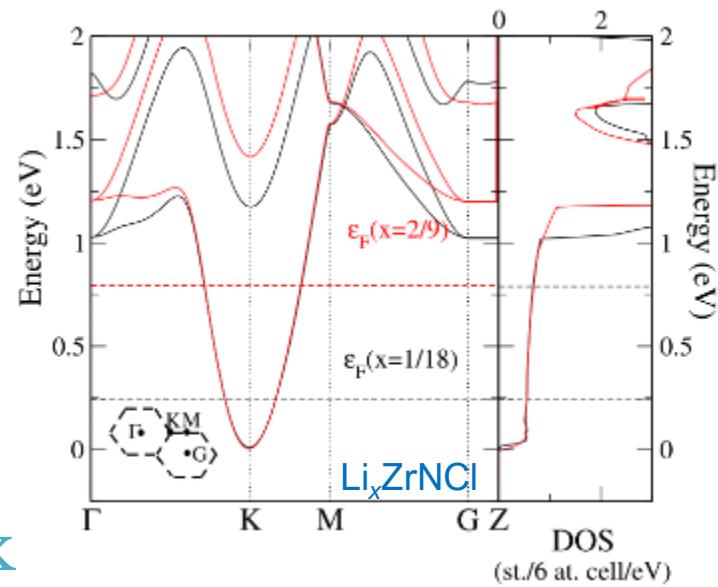


Adv Mater (1996), Nature (1998)

➤ Degenerate valleys



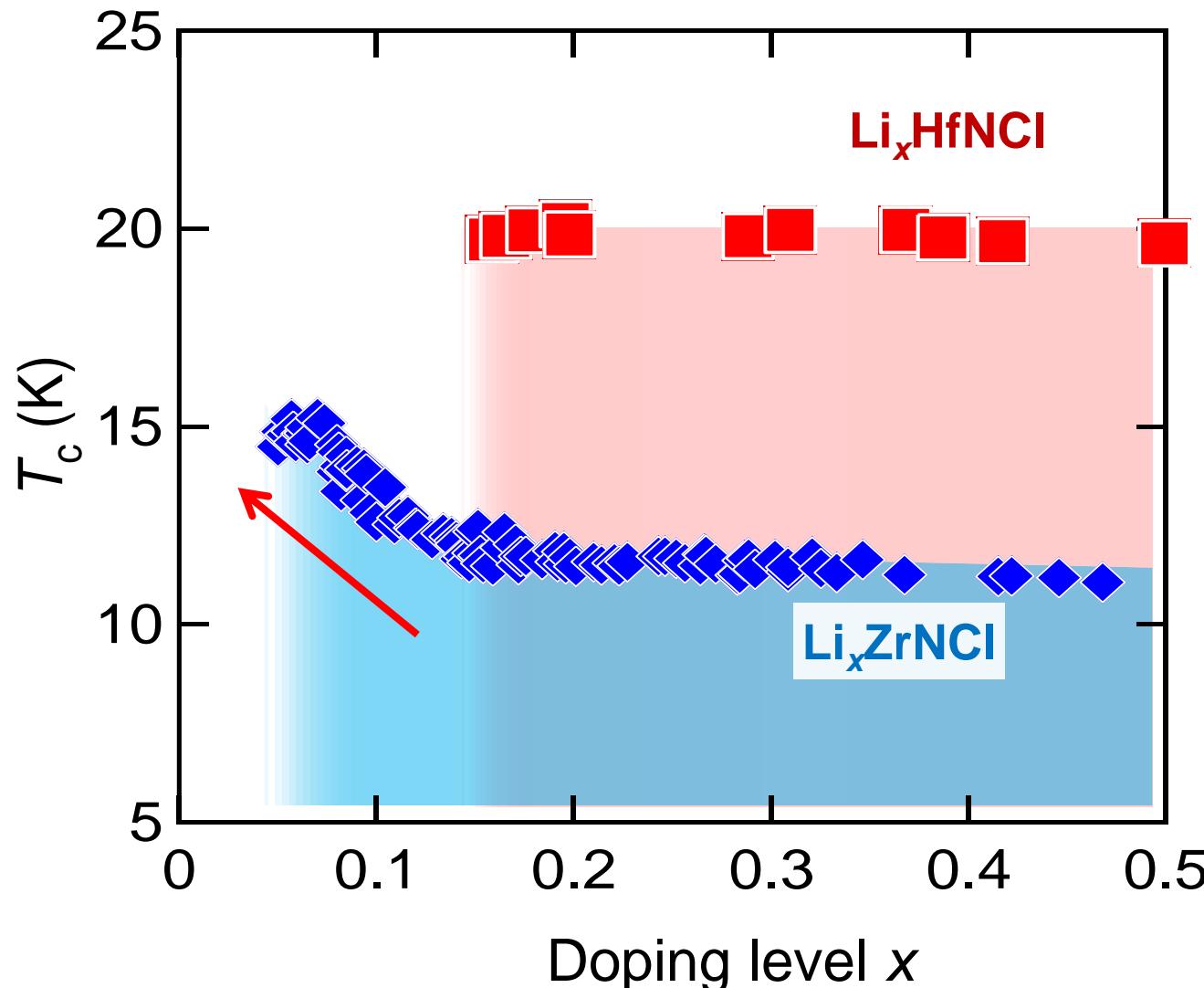
➤ Highly 2D electronic structure.



M. Calandra et al., PRL 114, 077001 (2015).

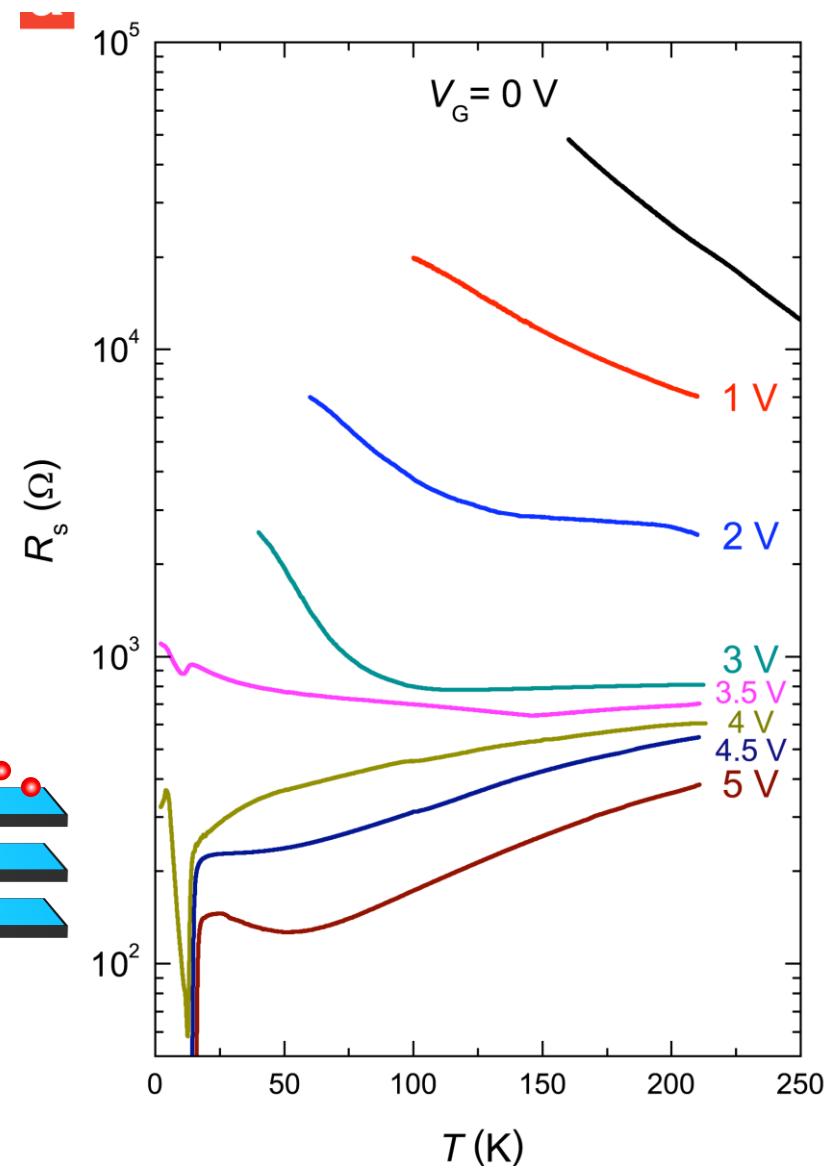
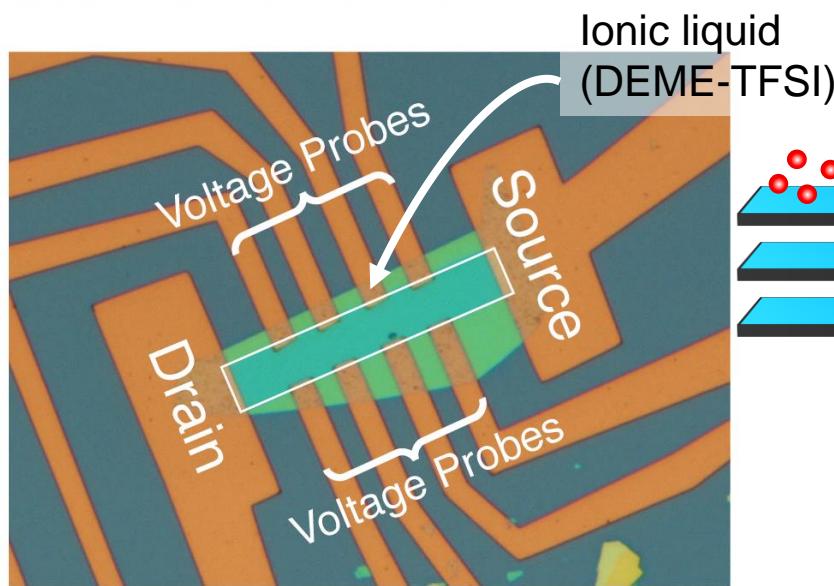
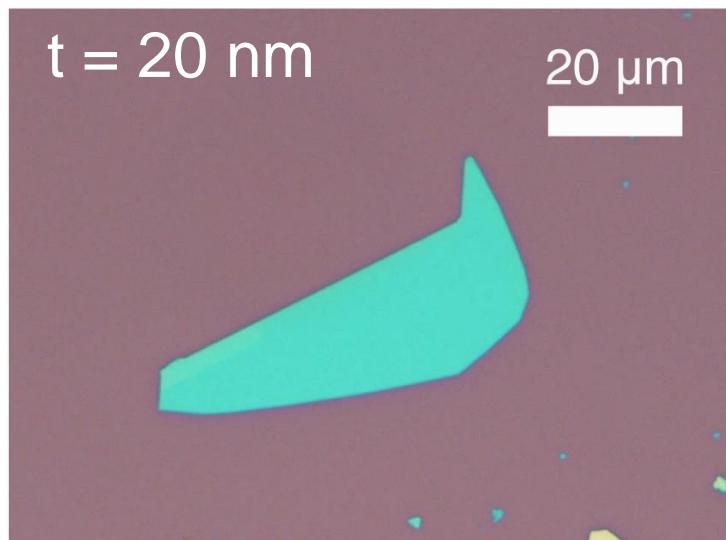
# Bulk property of layered nitrides ( $\text{ZrNCl}$ , $\text{HfNCl}$ )

Phase diagram for bulk polycrystals



[Zr] S. Yamanaka *et al.*, *Adv. Mat.* **8**, 771 (1996); Y. Taguchi *et al.*, *PRL* **97**, 107001 (2006).  
[Hf] S. Yamanaka *et al.*, *Nature* **392**, 580 (1998). T. Takano *et al.*, *PRL* **100**, 247005 (2008).

# Gate-induced superconductivity in cleaved crystal ZrNCl



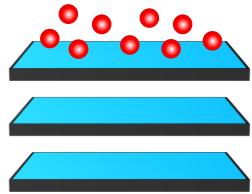
# Two modes of ionic gating

## Electrostatic

- Electric-double-layer transistor (EDLT)

J. T. Ye *et al.*, *Science* **338**, 1193 (2012).

Y. Saito *et al.*, *Science* **350**, 409 (2015).

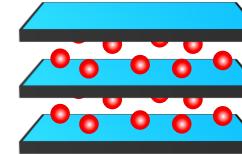


## Electrochemical

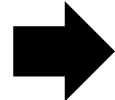
- Intercalation

W. Shi *et al.*, *Sci. Rep.* **5**, 12534 (2015).

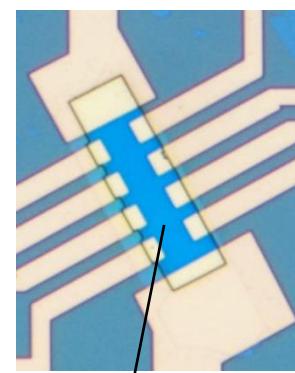
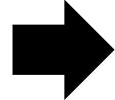
Y. Yu *et al.*, *Nature Nano.* **10**, 270 (2015).



$t = 30\text{-}70 \text{ nm}$

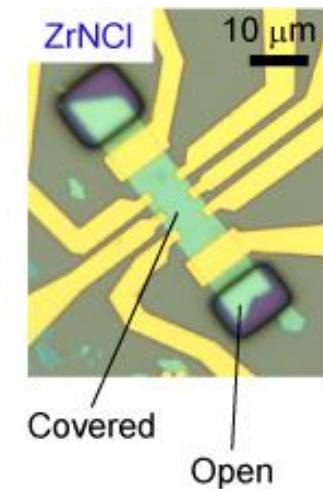


### Electrostatic



open

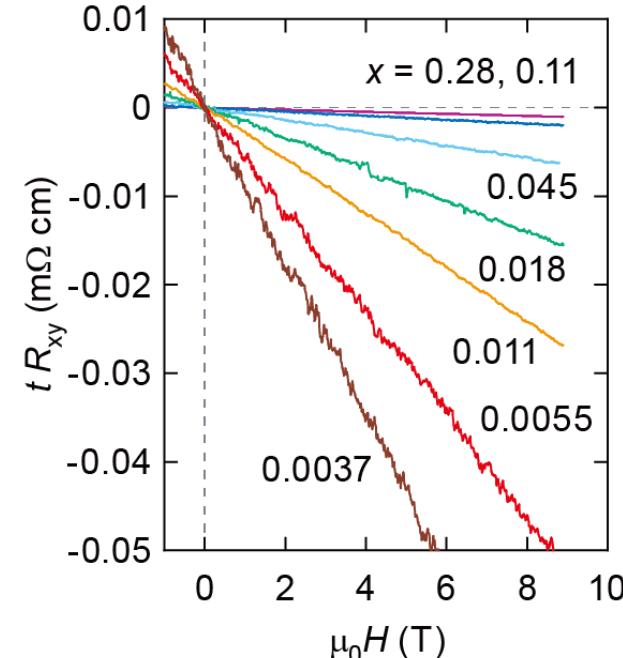
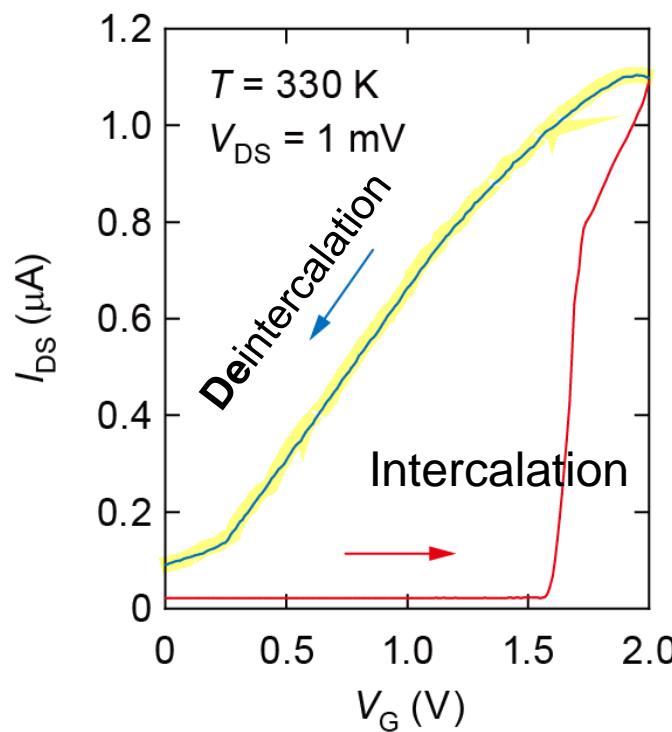
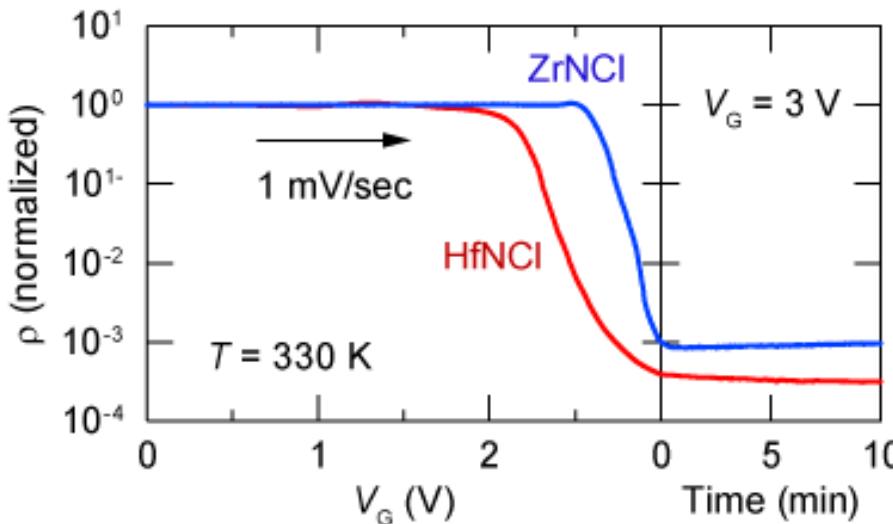
### Intercalation



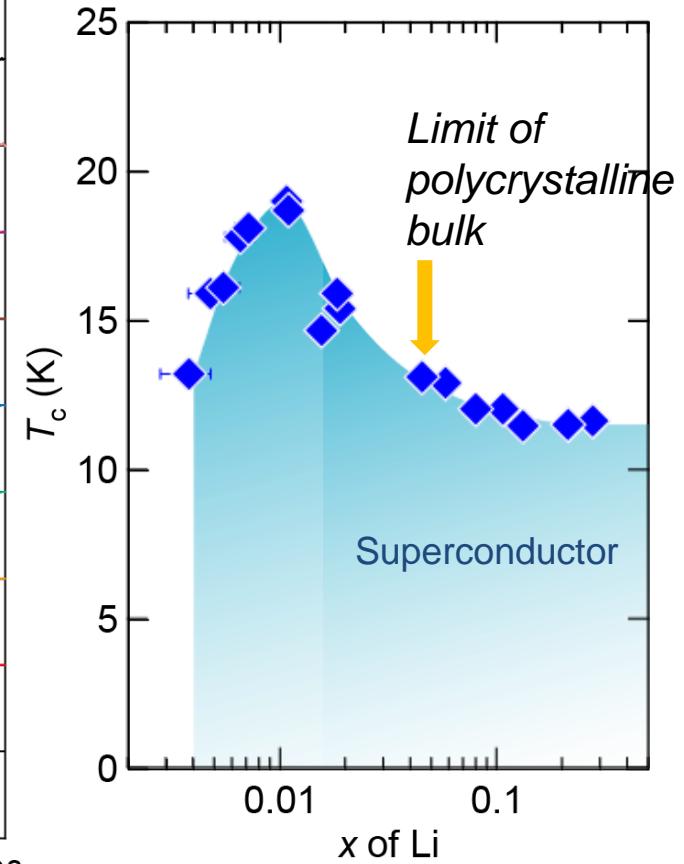
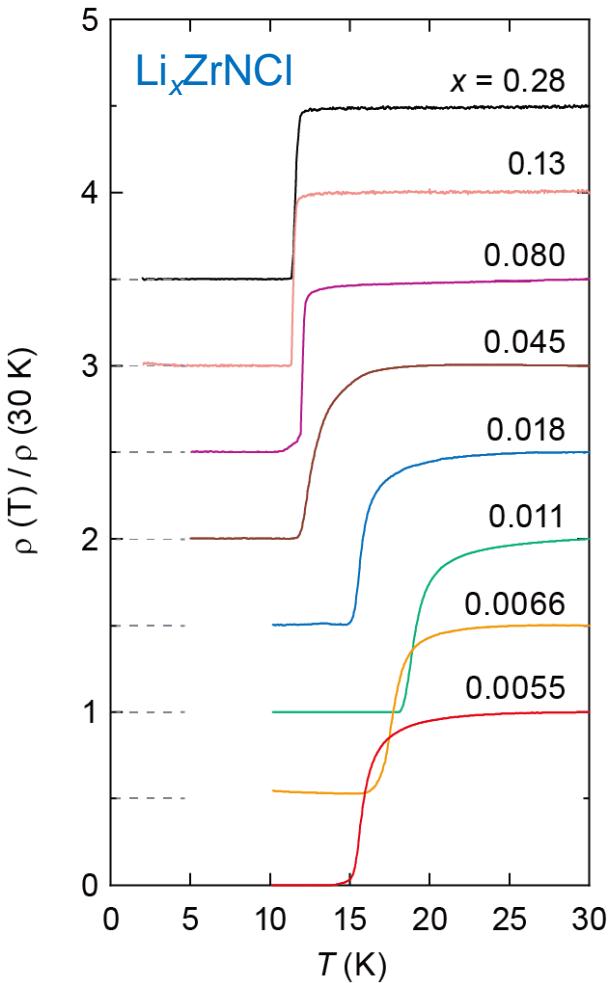
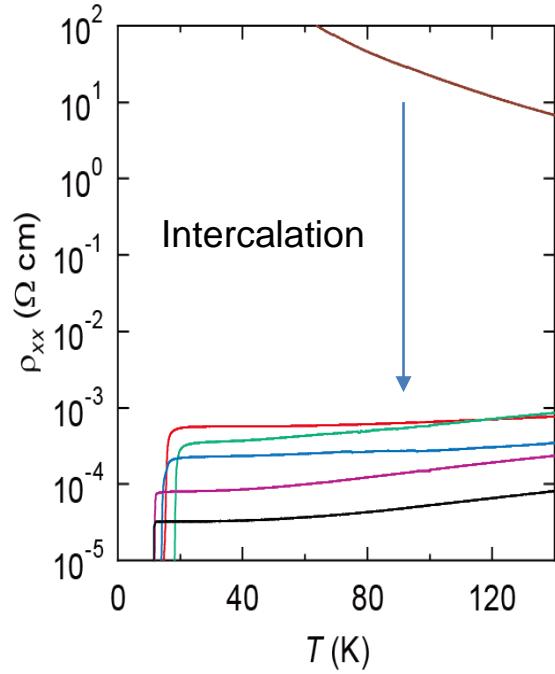
Covered

Open

# Gate controlled intercalation

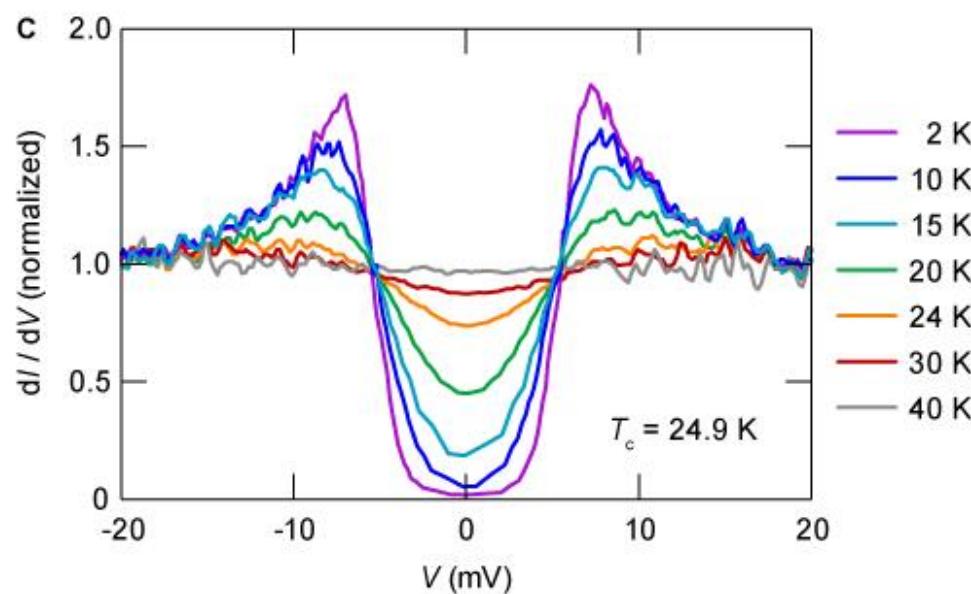
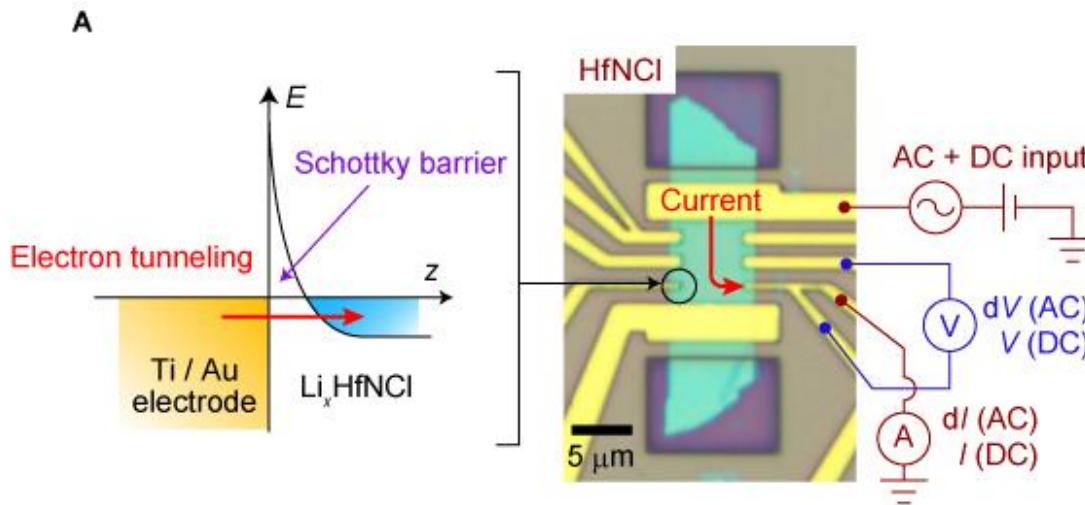


# Phase diagram – $\text{Li}_x\text{ZrNCl}$

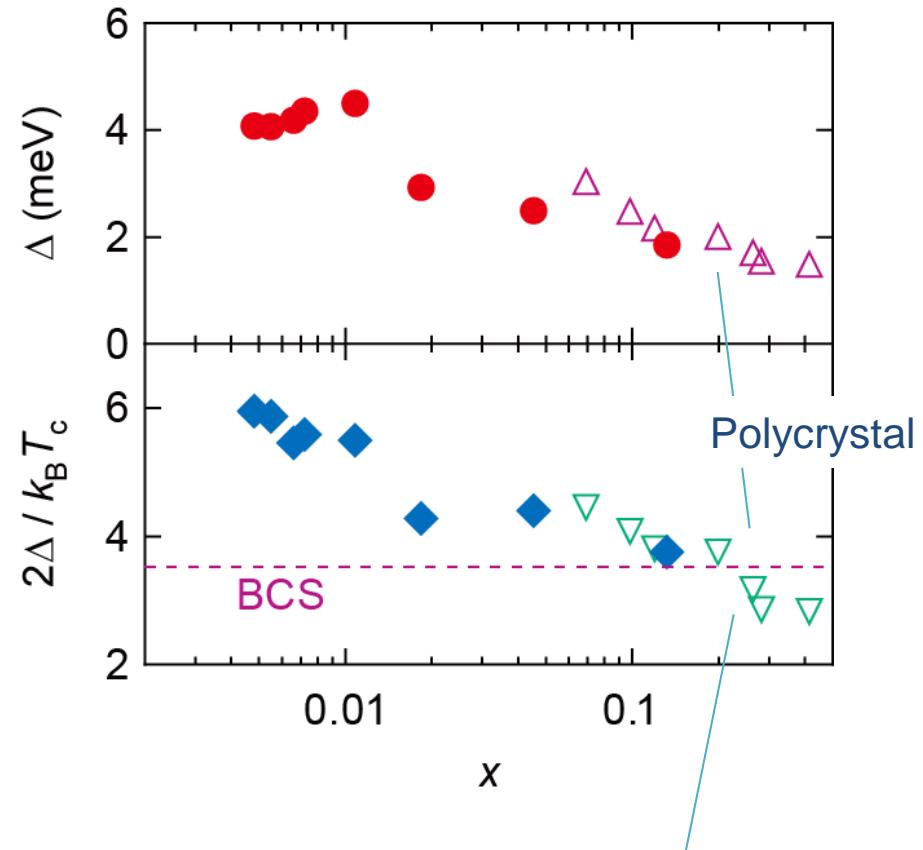
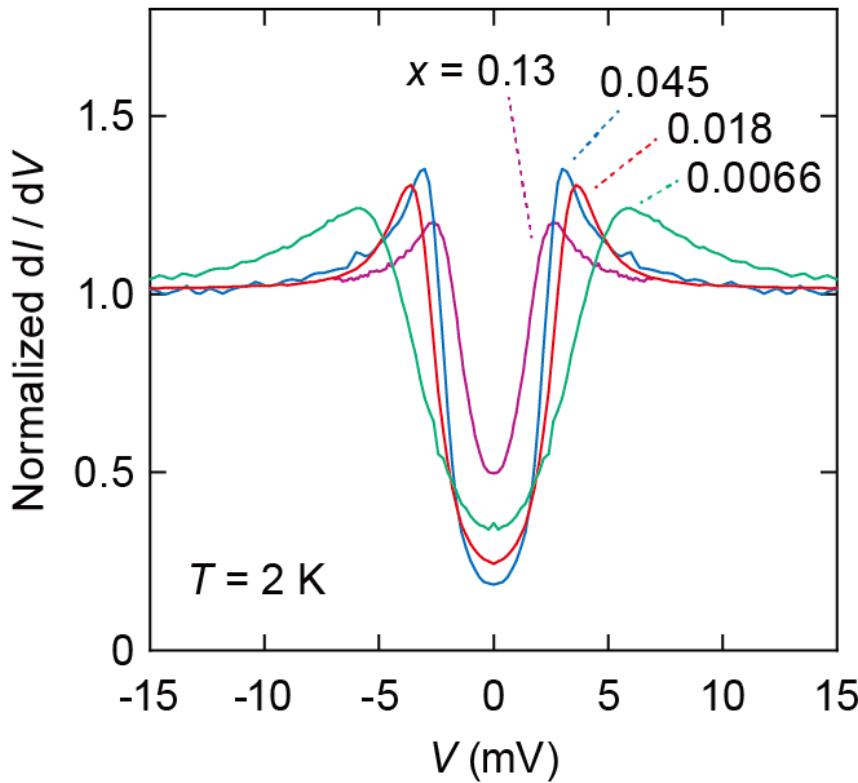


$T_c(\text{max}) = 19.0 \text{ K}$   
at  $x = 0.011$  ( $n_{3\text{D}} = 2 \times 10^{20} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ )

# Tunneling spectroscopy in Li doped HfNCl



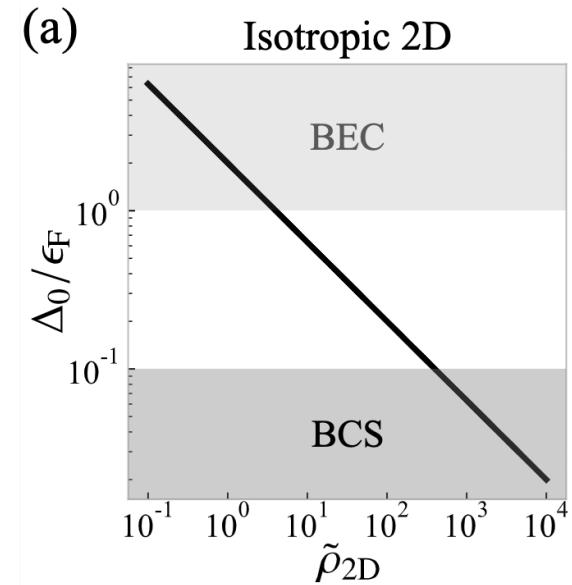
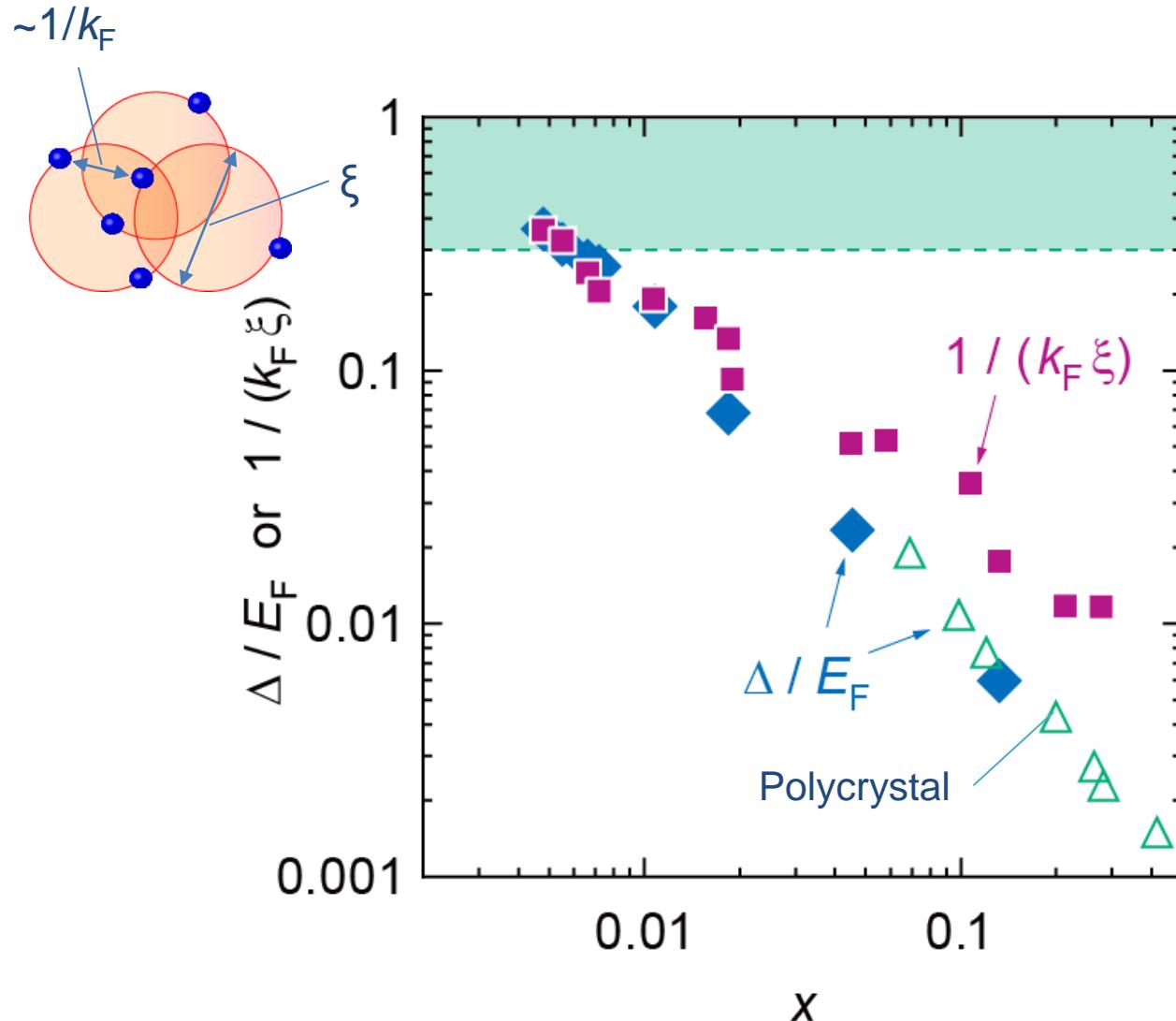
# Tunneling spectroscopy of $\text{Li}_x\text{ZrNCI}$



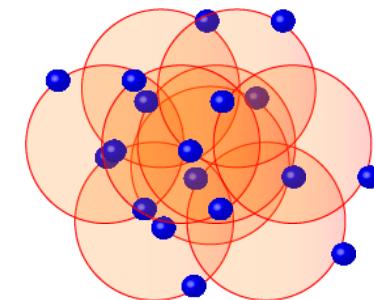
- SC gap develops with decreasing  $x$ .
- Large gap & strong coupling at low-doping regime.

Y. Kasahara et al., PRL103, 077004 (2009).

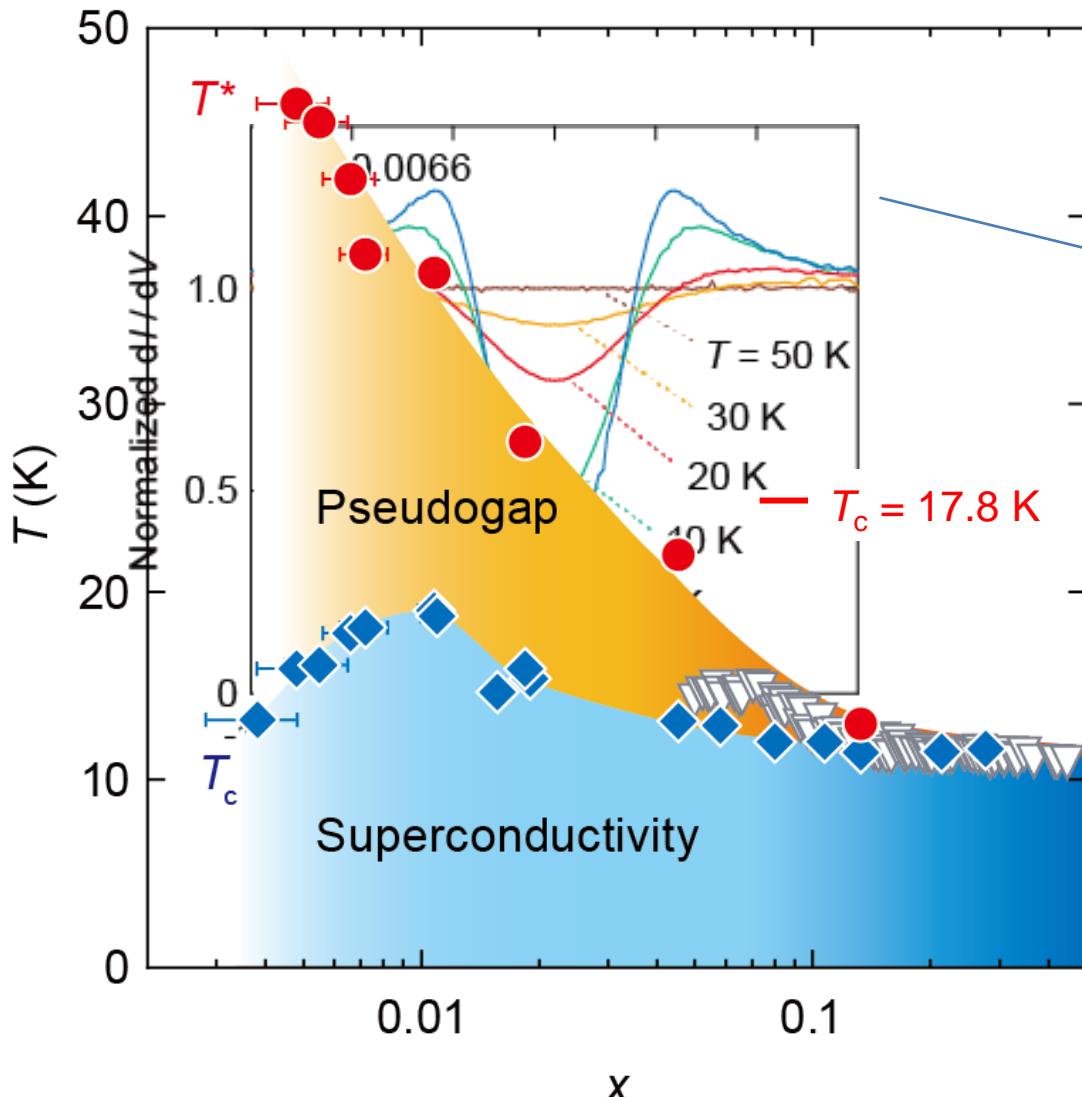
# Approaching BCS-BEC crossover



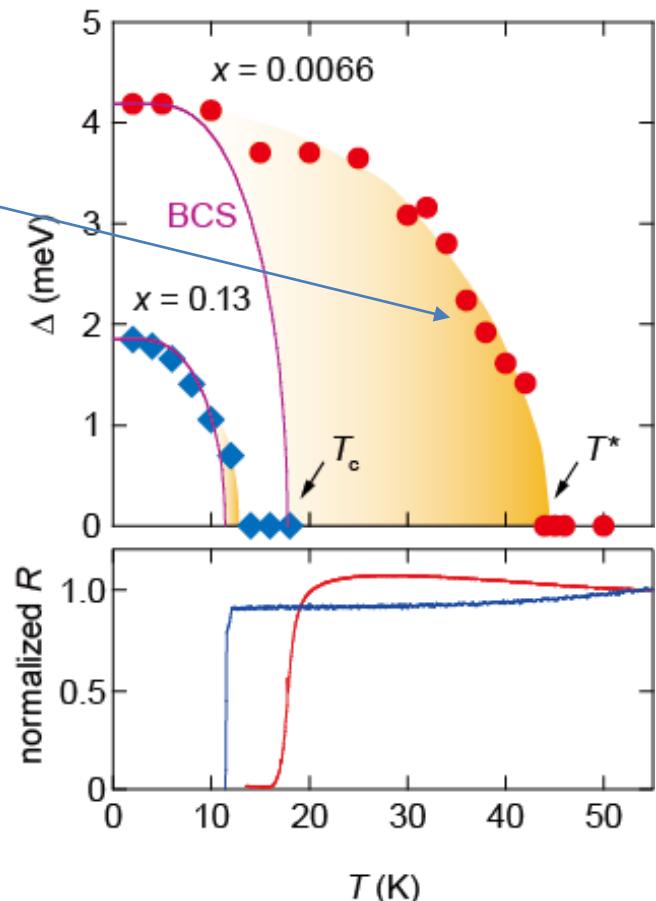
K. Adachi



# Pseudogap state



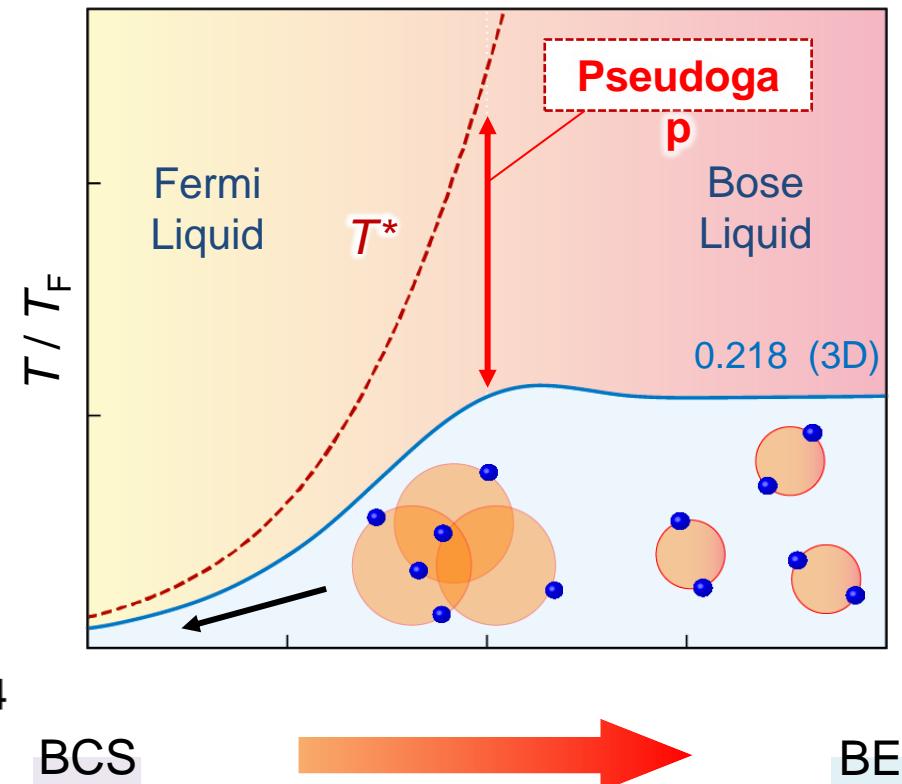
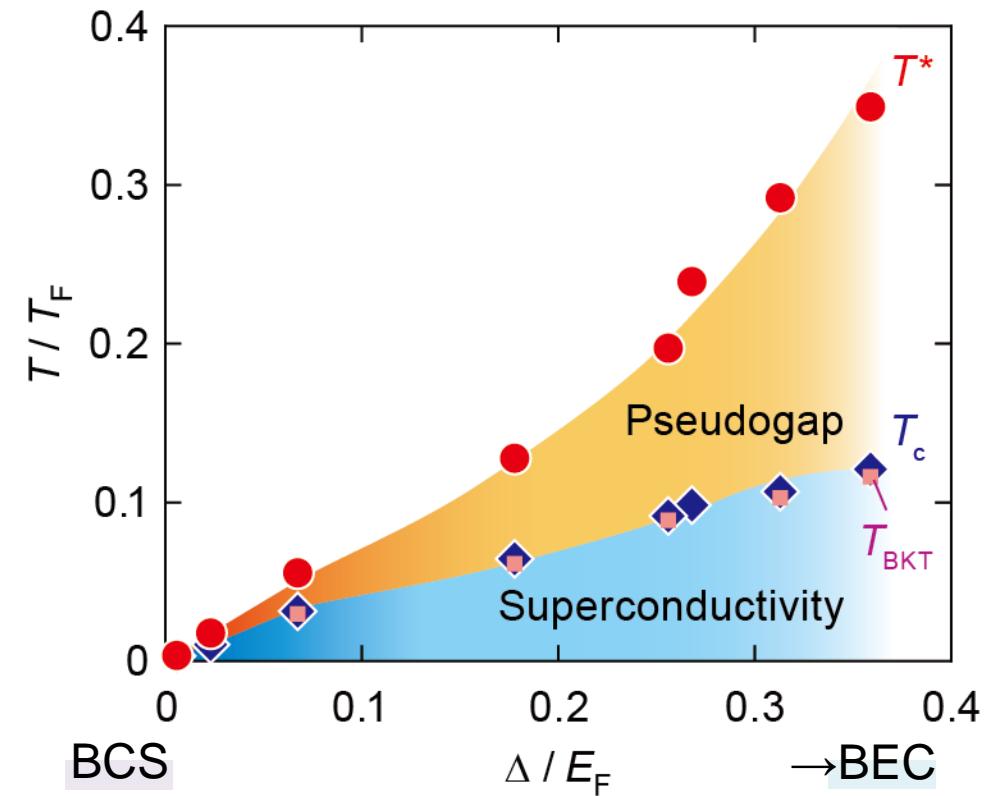
- Gap opens above  $T_c$  at low doping level.
- Evolution of  $T^*$  toward the insulating phase.



Y. Nakagawa *et al.*,  
Science 372, 190 (2021)

# BCS-BEC crossover

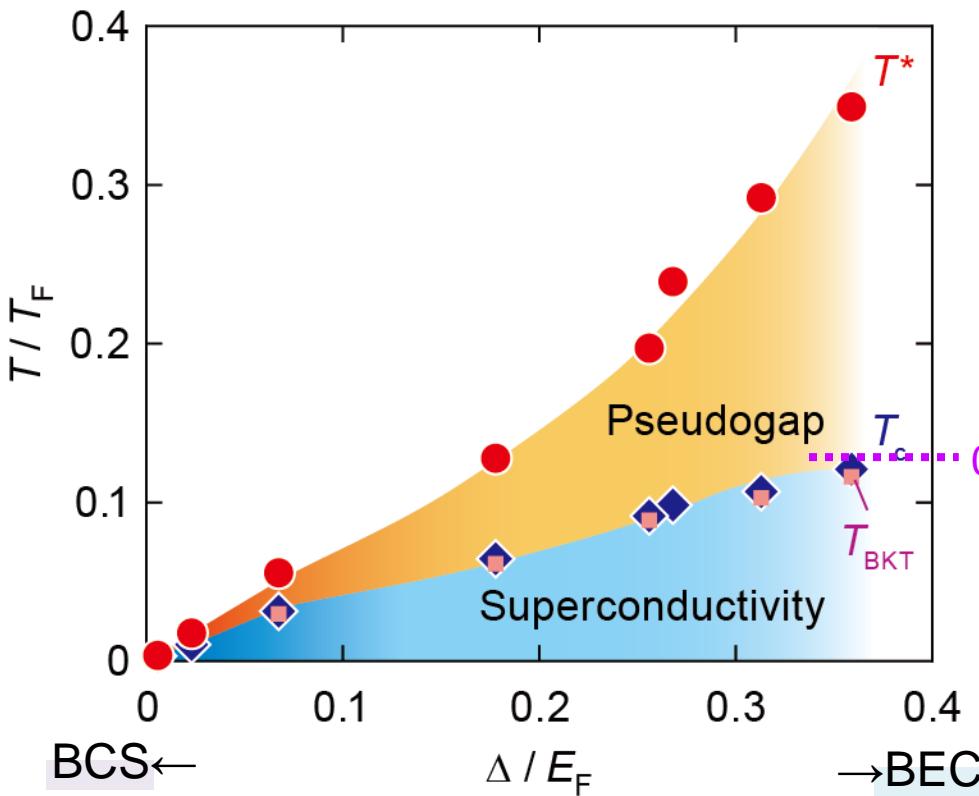
➤ Phase diagram



Low density & Strong coupling  
 $\sim \Delta/E_F$

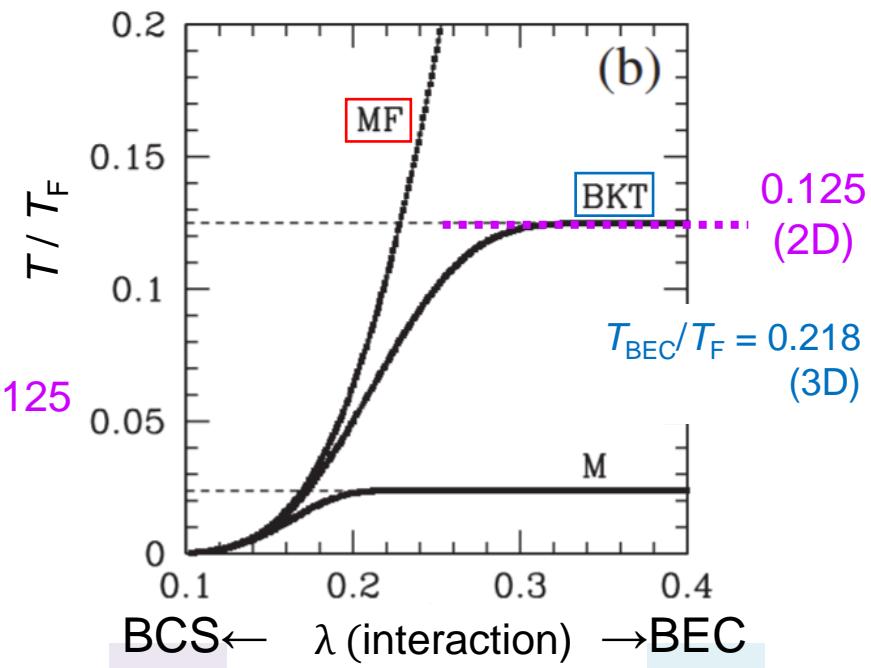
➤ Pseudogap state well developed

# Comparison with theory of 2D BCS-BEC crossover



Benchmark of 2D BCS-BEC

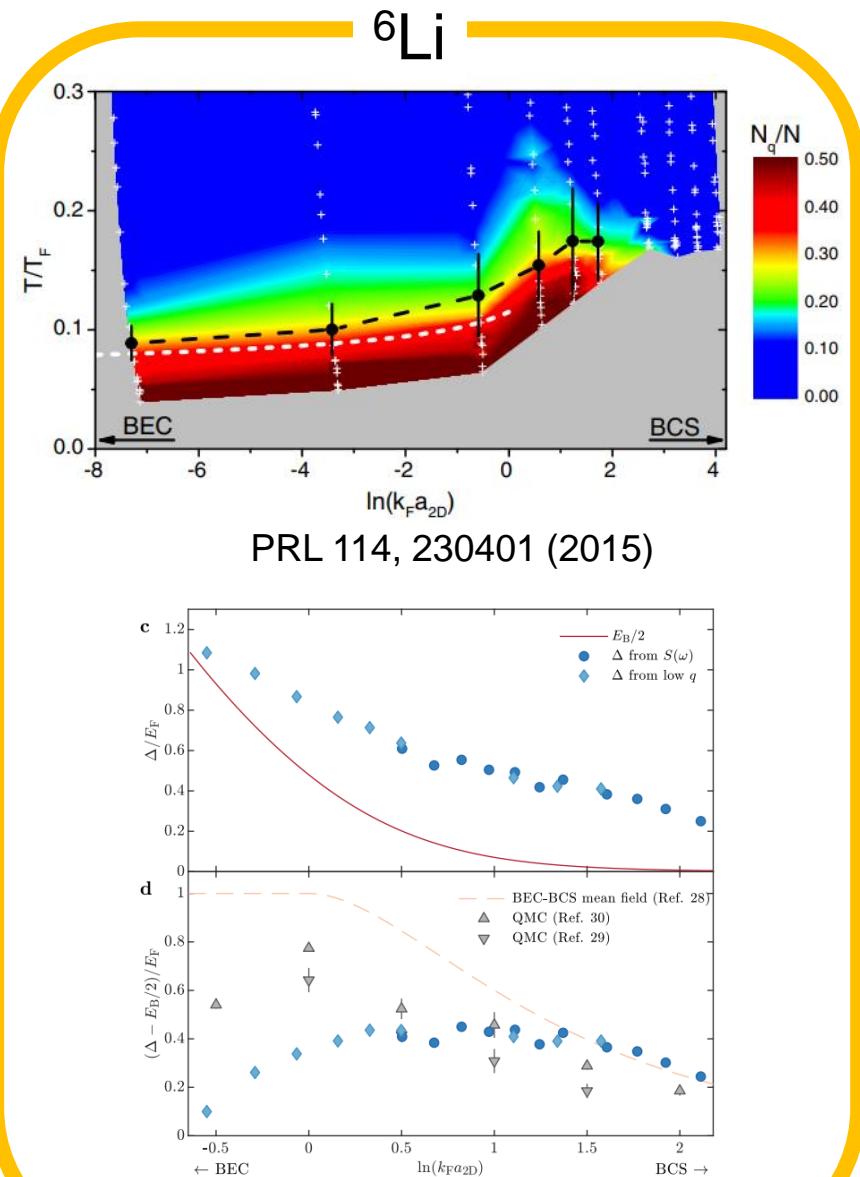
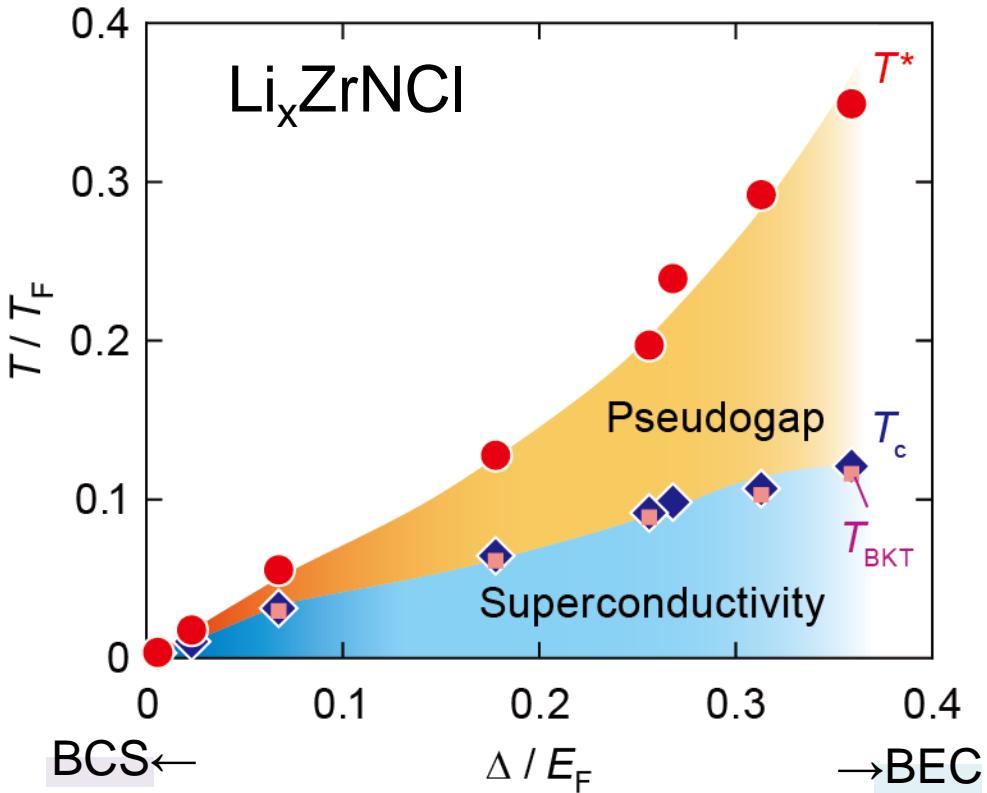
- Pesudogap
- $T_{BKT}/T_F = 1/8$



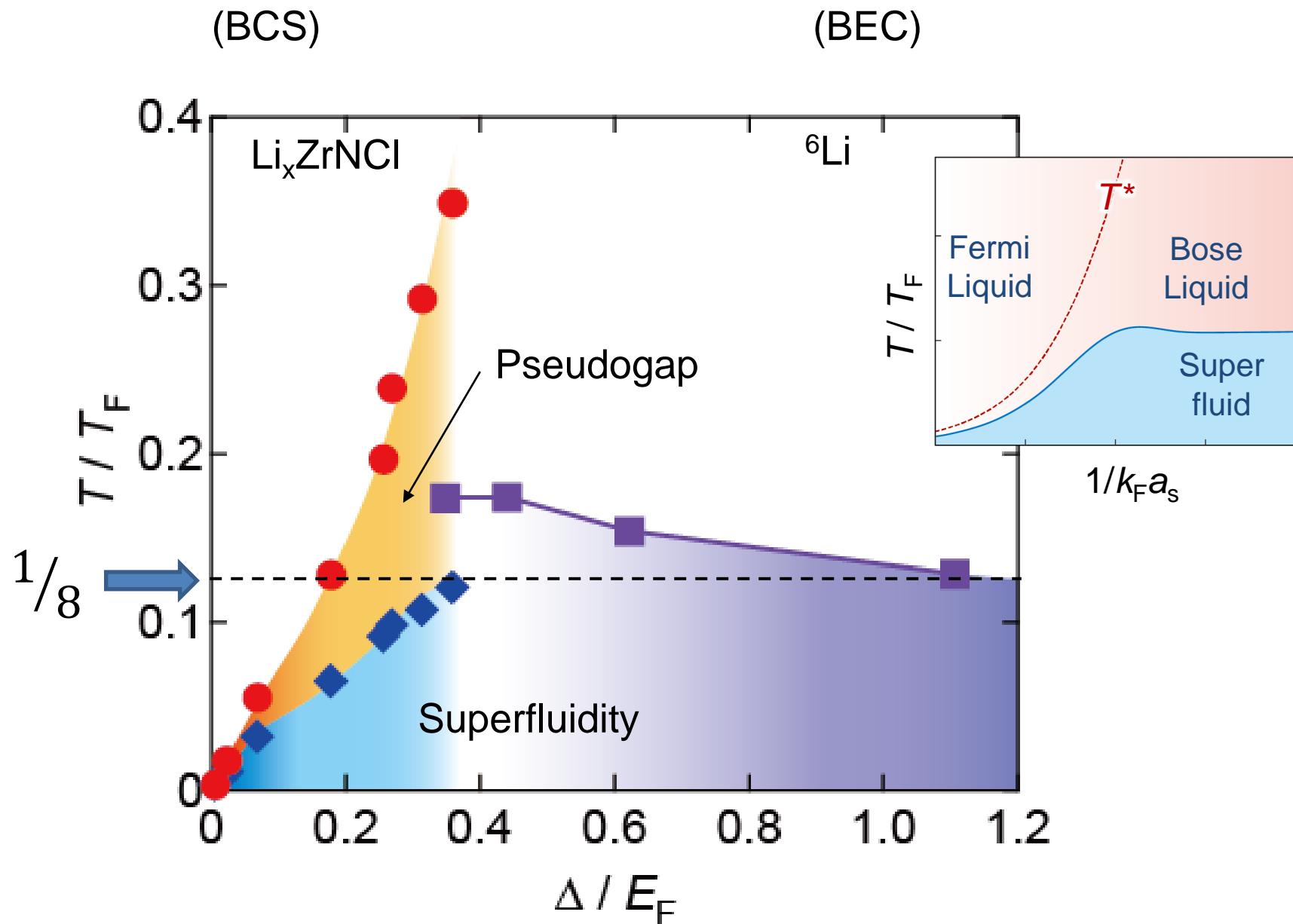
S. S. Botelho and C. A. R. Sá de Melo,  
*PRL* **96**, 040404 (2006).

V. P. Gusynin and V. M. Loktev,  
*J. Exp. The. Phys.* **88**, 685 (1998)

# Comparison with cold gas of ${}^6\text{Li}$

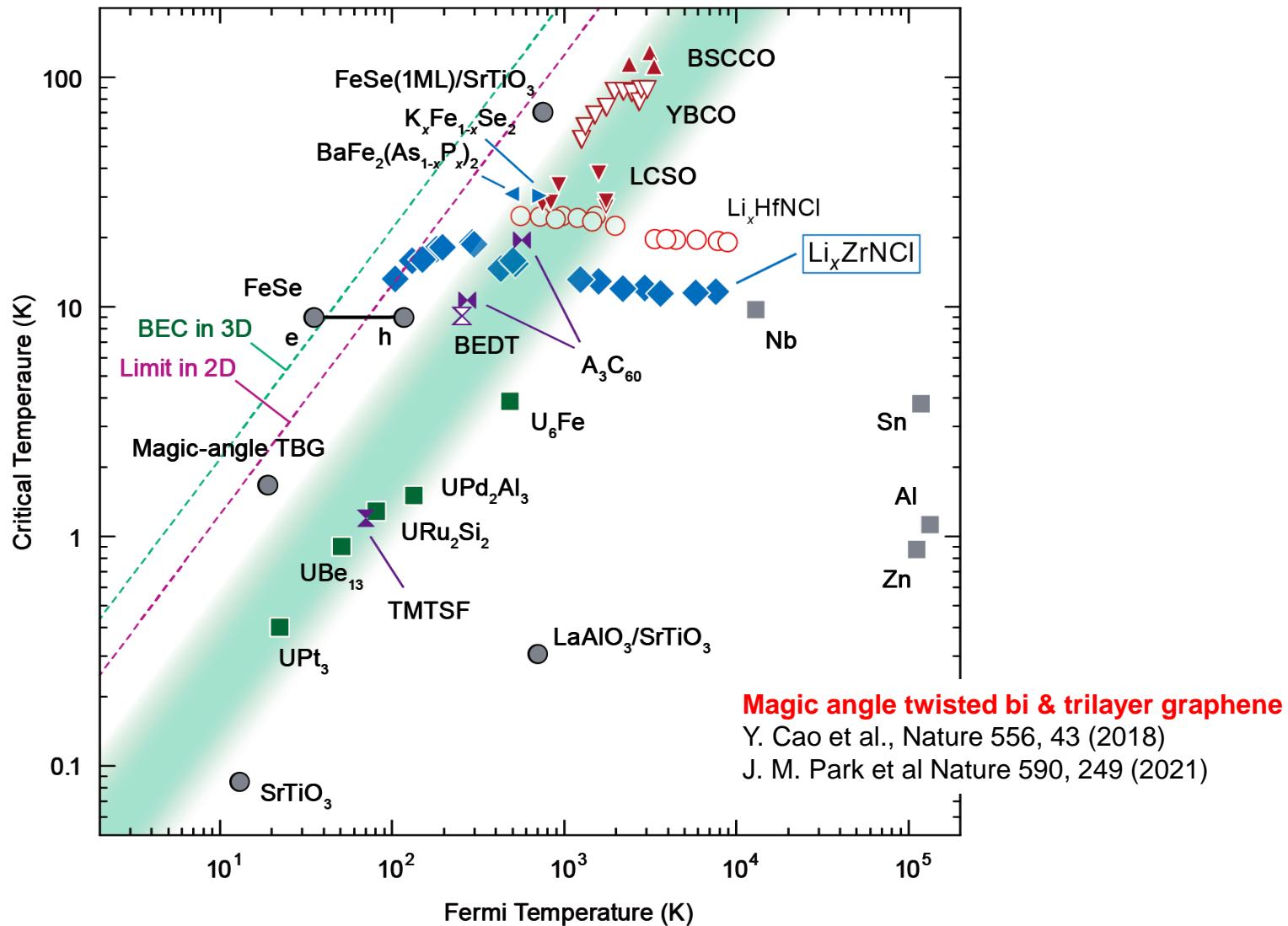


# Unified experimental phase diagram



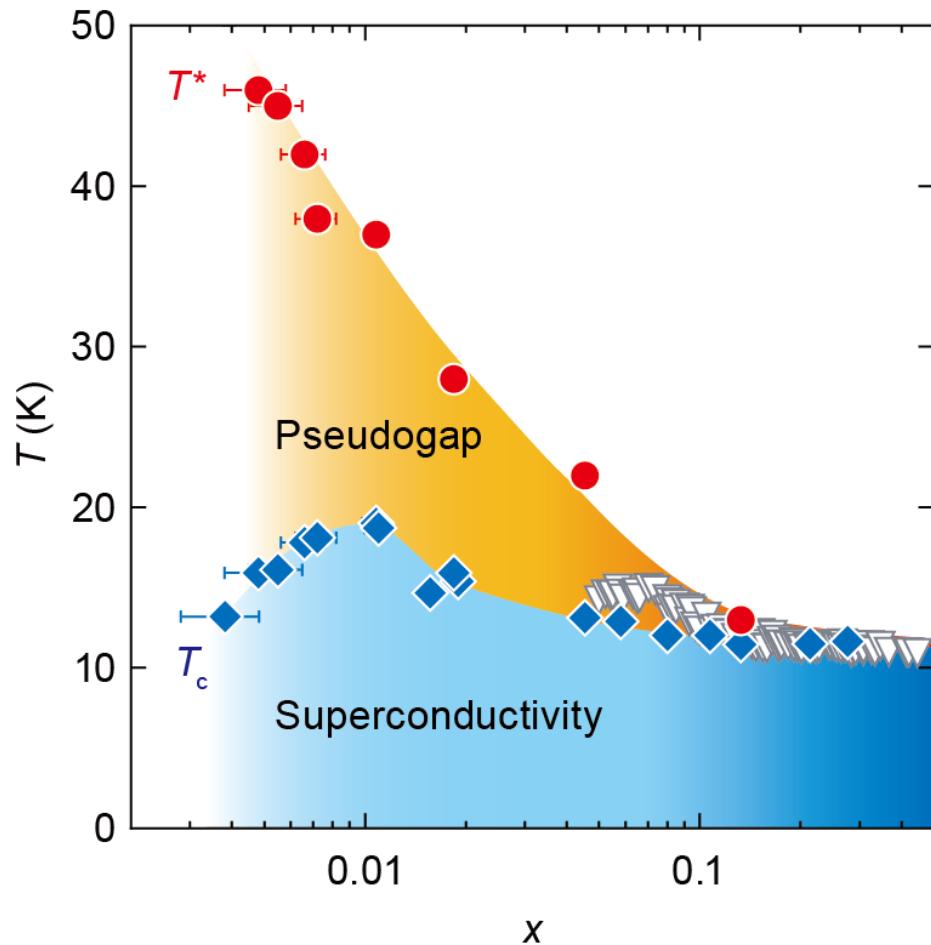
# Uemura plot

Layered nitrides traverse from deep BCS to crossover to BEC.

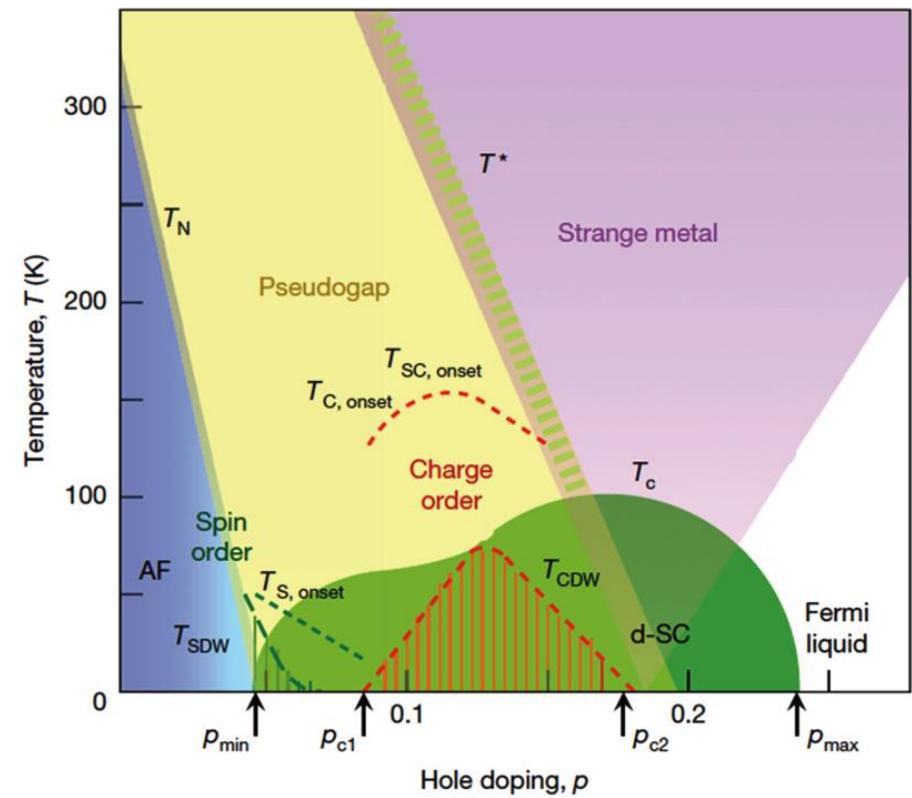


# Comparison with cuprates

$\text{Li}_x\text{ZrNCl}$



Cuprates

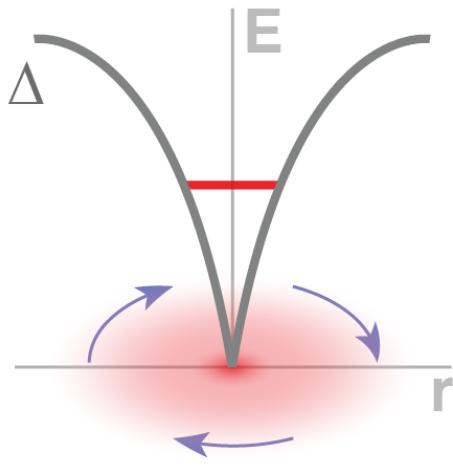


B. Keimer *et al.*, *Nature* **518**, 179 (2015).

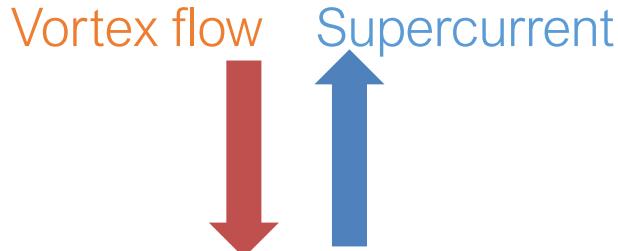
# Vortex properties in the two limits

Caroli-de Genné-Matricon quantization

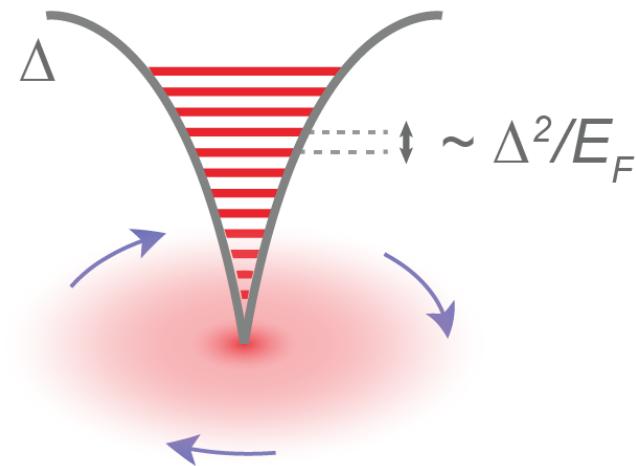
**BEC**



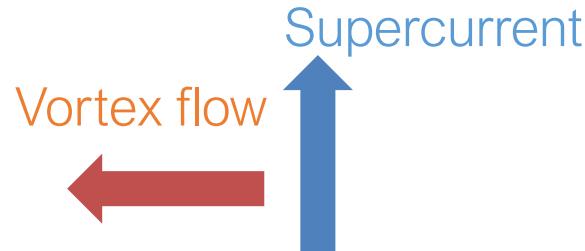
- Dissipationless core



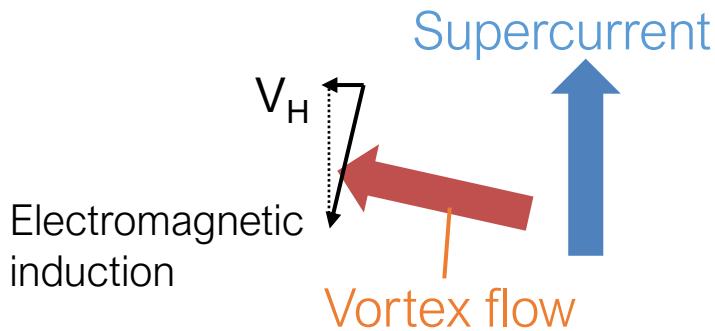
**BCS**



- Dissipative core



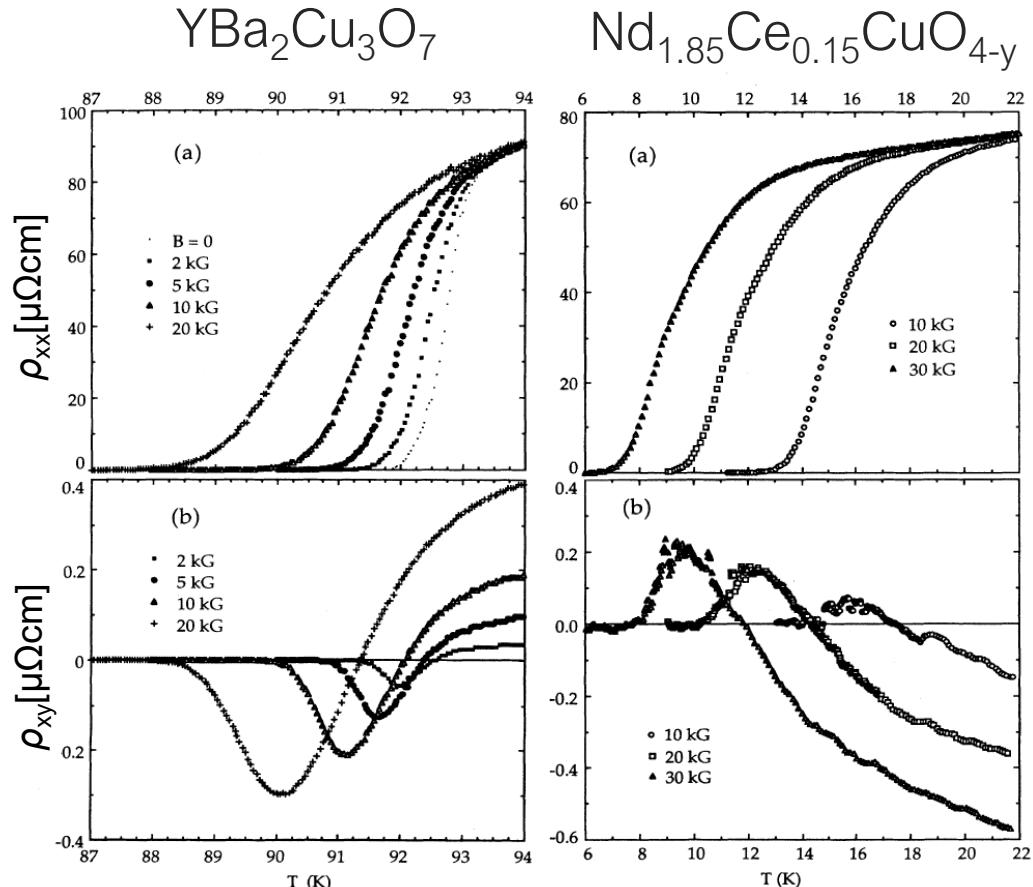
# Vortex Hall effect



Occurs in vortex liquid region

- important for layered superconductors

Remains to be understood.

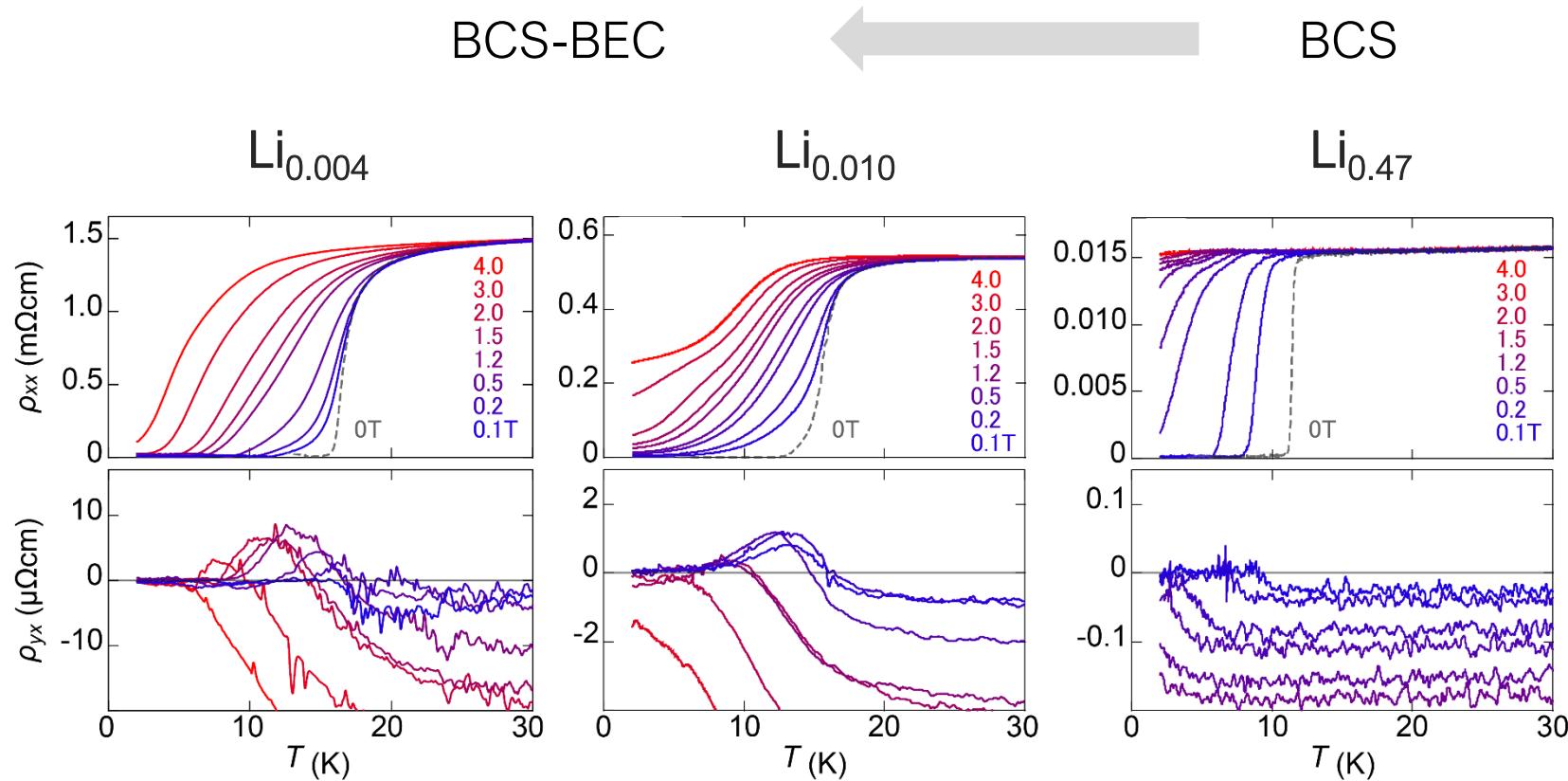


S.J. Hagen et al., PRB 47, 1064 (1993)

More VHE in cuprates:

- Y. Iye, S. Nakamura, and T. Tamegai, Physica C 159, 616 (1989)  
T. Nagaoka et al., PRL 80, 3594 (1998)  
S. Zhao et al., PRL 122, 247001 (2019).  
R. Ogawa et al., PRB 104, L020503 (2021)

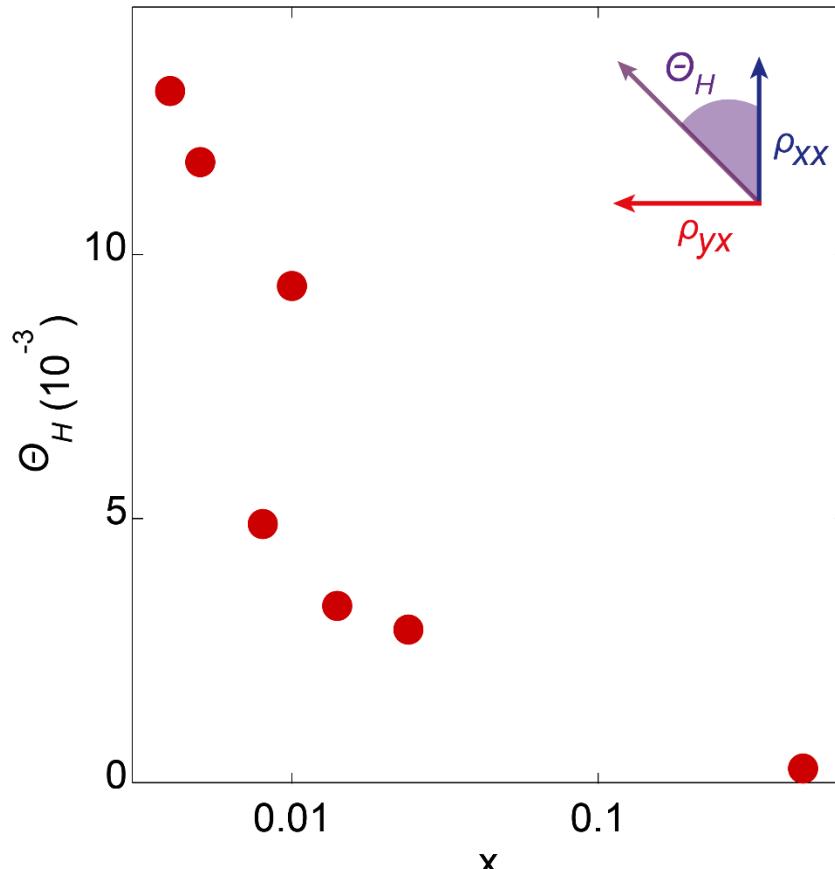
# Evolution of VHE with doping



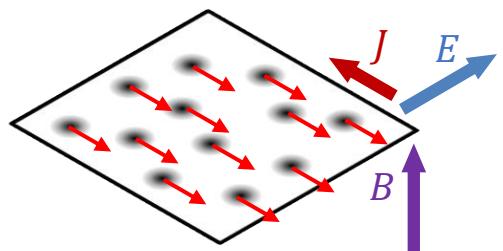
Increased doping leads to decreased VHE.

# Hall angle vs doping

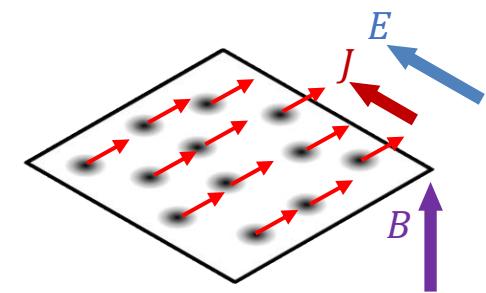
captures a trace of the large Hall angle expected in BEC-limit



BEC



BCS



# 2D time-dependent Ginzburg-Landau (TDGL) model

Kyosuke Adach RIKEN BDR, iTHEMS  
Yusuke Kato, Univ Tokyo

$$(\gamma + i\lambda) \frac{\partial \Delta(\mathbf{r}, t)}{\partial t} = \left[ -\frac{T - T^*}{T^*} - b|\Delta(\mathbf{r}, t)|^2 + \xi^2 \left( \nabla + i \frac{2\pi}{\phi_0} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}) \right)^2 \right] \Delta(\mathbf{r}, t) + \zeta(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

$T^*$  identified as mean-field transition temperature

$$\gamma = \frac{\pi}{8T^*} \quad \leftarrow \text{For simplicity, we use the value derived for BCS region}$$

Abrahams & Tsuneto, Phys. Rev. 152, 416 (1966)

$$\lambda = -\frac{1}{2T^*} \frac{\partial T^*}{\partial E_F} \quad \leftarrow \text{Based on gauge invariance}$$

Aronov, Hikami, & Larkin, PRB 51, 3880 (1995)

$$\xi \left( = \sqrt{\phi_0 / 2\pi B_{c2}(0)} \right) \quad \text{coherence length}$$

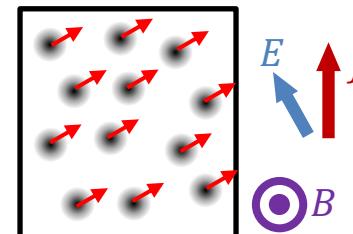
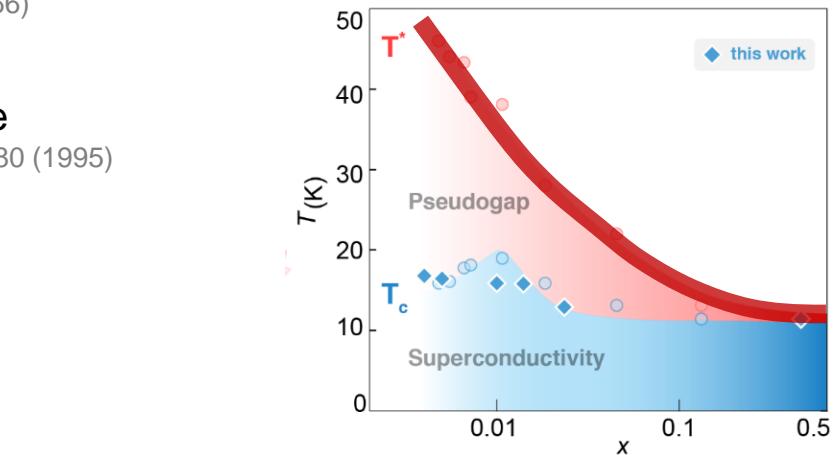
$b$  parameter of fluctuation interaction

## Vortex conductivity

Ullah & Dorsey, PRB 44, 262 (1991)

$$\sigma_{ab}^V = \frac{1}{TS} \int_0^\infty dt \int d^2\mathbf{r} d^2\mathbf{r}' \langle j_a(\mathbf{r}, t) j_b(\mathbf{r}', t) \rangle$$

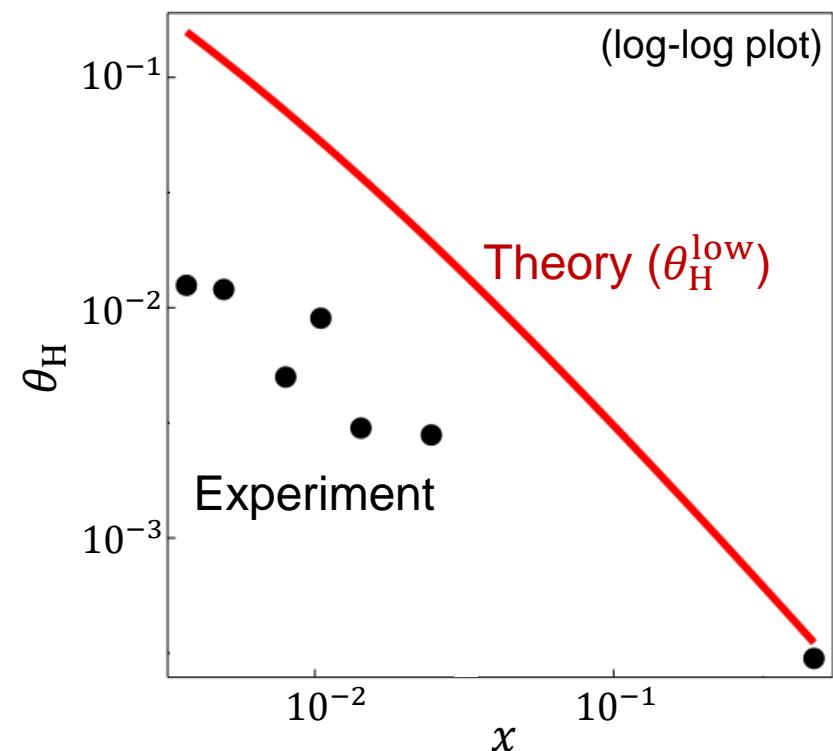
Abrahams, Prange, & Stephen, Physica 55, 230 (1971)



$$J_a^V = \sum_{b=x,y} \sigma_{ab}^V E_b$$

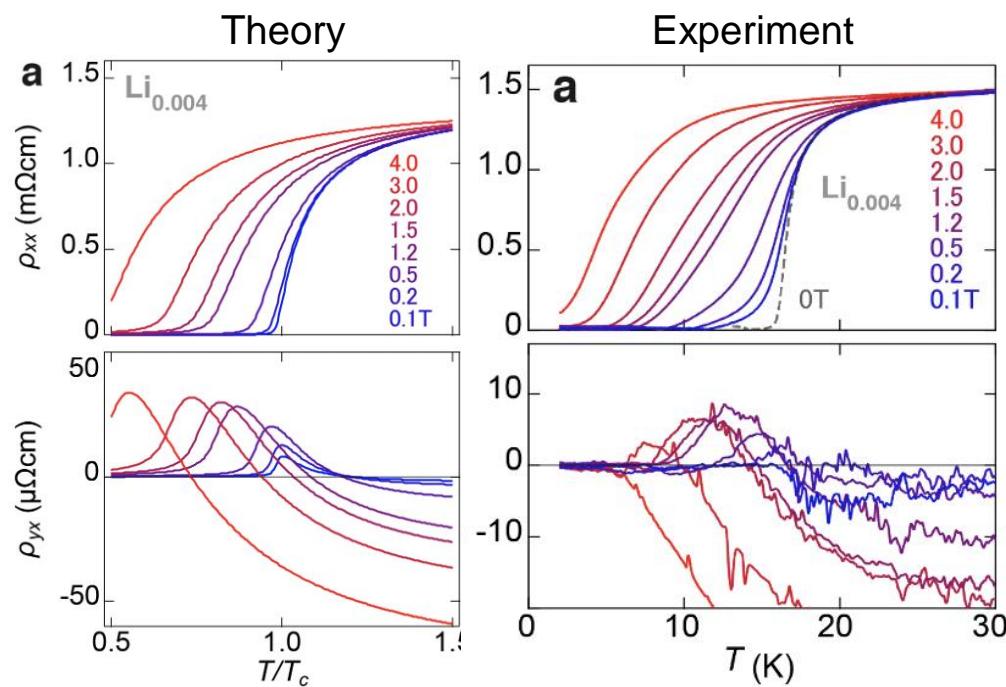
# Comparison of theory and experiments

Hall angle vs. x



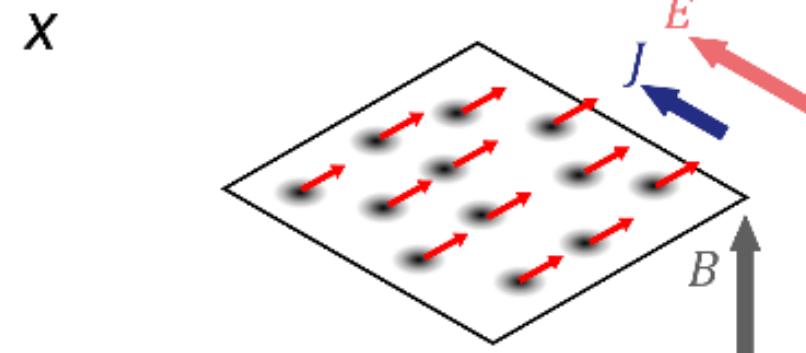
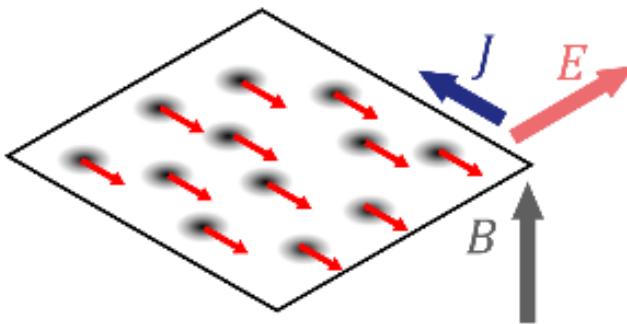
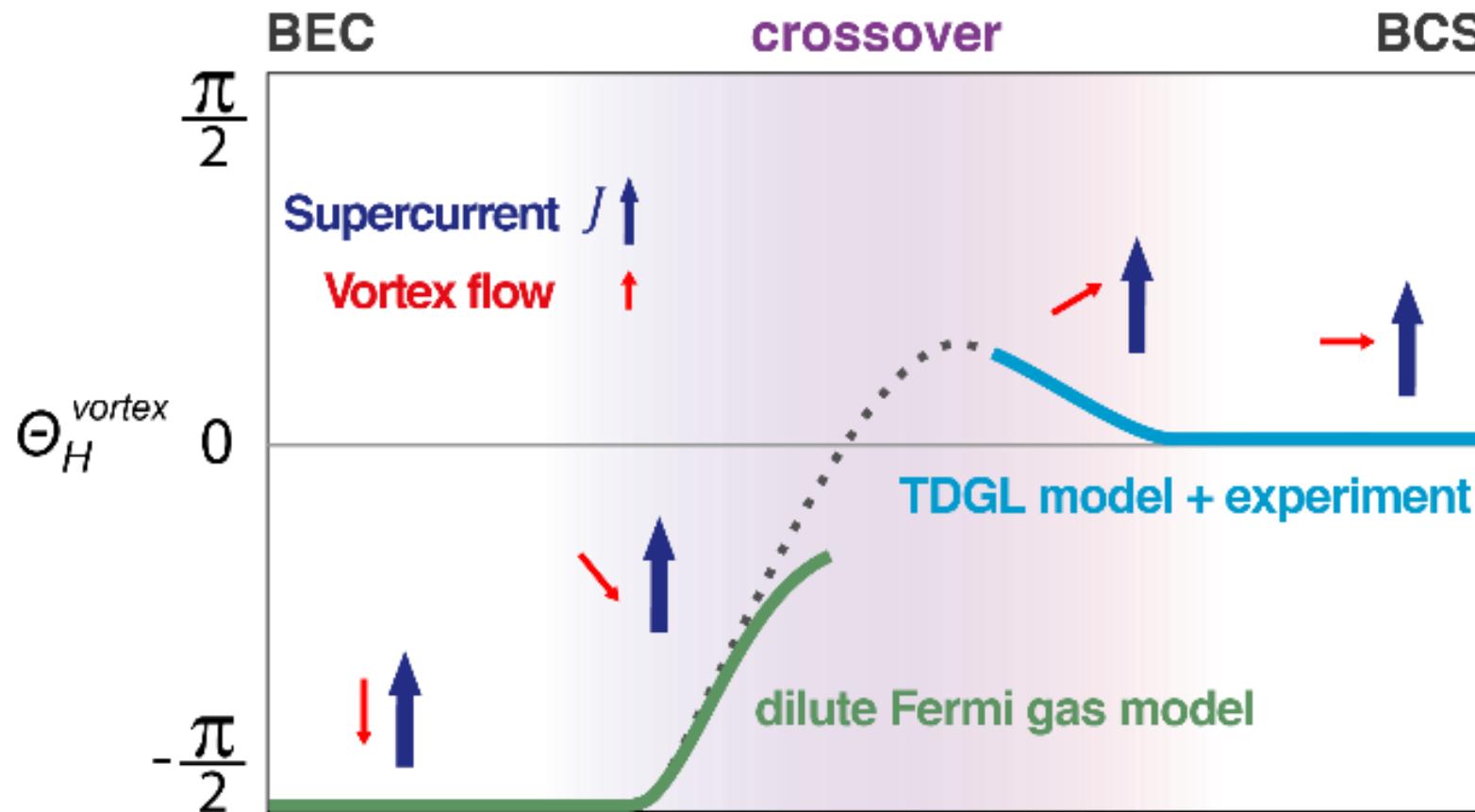
Trend in  $\theta_H$  is qualitatively captured

Temperature dependences



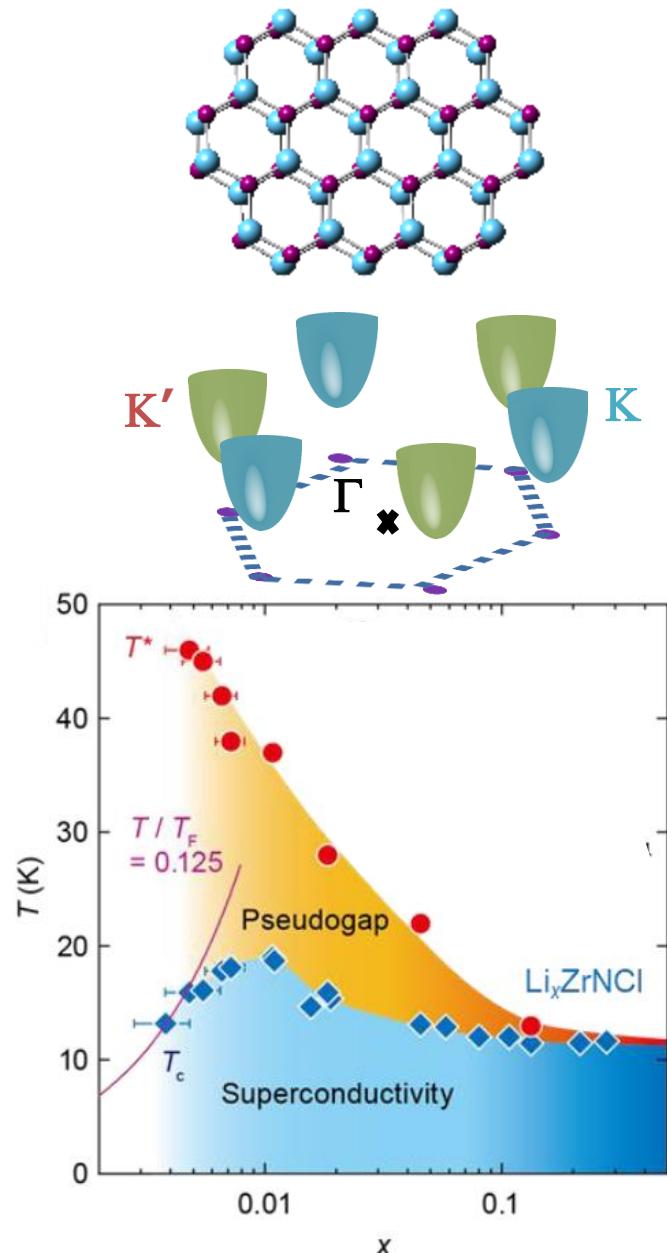
The Hall anomaly is well reproduced

# Evolution of vortex Hall angle through crossover



# Summary

1. Gated superconductivity of ZrNCl to the low carrier density limit
2. 2D BCS-BEC crossover
  - Pesudogap phase
  - Upper limit  $T_{\text{BKT}}/T_F = 1/8$   
*Ideal 2D system with parabolic dispersion  
Without any magnetic or CDW instabilities*
3. Vortex Hall effect in the crossover
  - Enhanced Hall angle toward BEC (Signature of superclean region)



Y. Nakagawa *et al.*, *PRB* **98**, 064512 (2018).  
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